

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Plugged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XVII.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 11, 1904.

NO. 51

PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

WHAT THEY ARE DOING—WHERE THEY GO.

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeys About Town.

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 8.—Butter firm at 17c; no offerings and no sales. Last week 17c; last year 19c. Output of the week, 790,700 lbs.

Will Pitman was a Chicago visitor Tuesday.

Our stock of groceries is fresh and new. Webb & Boylan.

Mrs. A. G. Watson was a Chicago passenger Wednesday.

Try our Gold Medal flour. Every sack guaranteed. Webb & Boylan.

Miss Stella Rowling, of Aurora, is visiting friends and relatives here.

If what they all say is true, our 50 cent tea is good. Try it. Webb & Boylan.

For Rent—the J. E. Didama house, for particulars call on C. M. Confer.

Read the Kenosha College of Commerce ad on the 5th page of this issue.

Miss Mabel Kearns of Richmond is spending the week with Miss Alice Emmons.

Mr. Selby of Silver Lake called on his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Kulman, Monday of this week.

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. 6tf

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Eänger of Grayslake spent Sunday with relatives and friends of this place.

For Northern Wisconsin, Michigan or Dakota lands call on James & Johnson, Antioch, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Webb of Waukegan, spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Emmons.

All accounts of the late firm of Webb Bros. left unsettled on Aug. 15, will be placed in the hands of a collector.

Rev. G. D. Cleworth of Chicago will occupy the pulpit of the M. E. church next Sunday morning and evening.

George Webb left on Tuesday for a trip through Oklahoma with a party of four land seekers, expecting to be gone about ten days.

Miss Beth Nelson of Courtland, Ill., after having spent two weeks with Prof. and Mrs. S. J. Eakle, returned to her home on Thursday last.

Mr. Eldora Horton has joined the ranks of property improvers and how his buildings repainted and a new cement walk in front of his property.

We have received information from a reliable source that Prof. Eakle doesn't believe in fishing any way, and didn't even want the fish to bite.

Have you a small farm of about twenty or forty acres, for sale? We have several customers who wish to buy. James & Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dales entertained the latter's mother, Mrs. Kiser, and sister, Mrs. Hartshower, of Tonica, Ill., the latter part of last week.

Mr. Elmer Gallidge who has been attending summer school arrived home this week and will spend the remainder of his vacation with relatives here.

During an electrical storm Tuesday night, lightning struck and killed two colts belonging to Austin Savage, on the Jacob Savage farm east of town.

We understand that Fred and Chauncey Barber have purchased one hundred and sixty acres of land near Chetek, Wis., and expect to move to that place in the early spring.

Mrs. John Hancock will leave on Friday to join her husband at Grand Rapids, Wis., where they will make their future home. Miss Lillian Hancock will accompany her.

Mrs. Charles Barber has put in a complete stock of dressmakers findings and supplies and her customers will get the benefit of a liberal discount on all linings and supplies.

Mr. J. W. French who for the past two months has been in foreign countries with a cow-boy and Indian troupe, arrived in Antioch on Monday of this week. He reports a very enjoyable as well as profitable trip.

Midsummer sale of millinery goods at greatly reduced prices during the month of July and August, to make room for fall stock. Hats trimmed and untrimmed. Shop now open in the late Henry Hegeman building on Main street. Mrs. N. K. Seymour. 40w2

New and up to date hats, ties and shirts at Webb & Boylan's.

Miss Lottie Jones is spending the week at Hickory.

Coffee at 18, 20, and 25 cents per pound that you can't beat at Webb & Boylan's.

Mrs. R. M. Haynes and Mrs. John Hancock were Chicago visitors Monday.

Our line of working shirts and overalls is complete, all sizes. Webb & Boylan.

Miss Mathie Schuk of Chicago is the guest of Miss Lillian Hancock this week.

Miss Addie Schaffer left on Saturday for a two weeks visit with relatives and friends at Burlington.

Miss Ollie Grice of Aurora who has been spending the past two weeks with relatives here returned to her home on Tuesday last.

Mrs. L. M. Cribb will entertain the Angola Cemetery society at her home in Antioch, on Tuesday afternoon, August 10. Visitors invited.

I wish to announce to my old customers and many new ones that I will be home by Aug. 24 with a complete stock of the latest fall styles for Misses, women and children, which I will sell for the lowest possible prices, considering quality. Miss Addie Schaffer.

C. C. Carpenter, of Antioch, known the county over as an expert on potato culture will erect a house in Libertyville on a lot he recently purchased on Second street, and hereafter make this his home. Mr. Carpenter has been employed for several years by the Vaughn Seed Co., Libertyville Independent.

Stop and Think!

If you owe Webb Bros. a bill it is getting old and they need the money.

St. Mary's Church Picnic.

The annual picnic of St. Mary's congregation of Bristol will be held in Haddican's grove, near the church, on Monday, Aug. 15, 1904. Amusements and games of all kinds will be given. All who wish an enjoyable day should go.

Opening Devils Lake Reservation.

Wisconsin Central Ry. will sell tickets to Devils Lake, N. D., and return at greatly reduced rates August 6 to 11th. Tickets and further information from agent.

Yours truly,

JAS. C. POND,
Gen. Pass. Agt.

50w2

Hickory Harvest Picnic.

The Hickory annual harvest picnic will be held in Taylor's grove at Hickory, one-fourth mile west of Hickory Corners, on Tuesday, August 23, 1904. Everybody invited to attend and spend the day. Good speakers have been engaged for the occasion, and there will be singing and amusements of various kinds that will interest all who attend. Dinner will be served on the grounds.

Cheap Rate Excursions.

On August 9 and 23 and September 13 and 23, the Frisco System has a special round trip Homeseekers' Excursion to all points in Indian Territory, Oklahoma, all points in Arkansas which are regular homeseekers' destinations and points in parts of Kansas, Texas and Louisiana. The fare for the round trip is \$20.00.

If you are considering a change in your home this is an exceptional chance for you to visit these points and personally inspect these great opportunities for cheap homes.

You can get information in detail by calling on or addressing Geo. E. Webb, Local Immigration Agent, Frisco system, or A. Hilton, G. P. A. St. Louis. tf

Falls to Run Trains.

The Vanderbilts are said to be planning to equip the West Shore Railroad with electricity and to adopt this motive power for the Niagara Falls and Lewiston branch, the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg and the Oswego branch of the New York Central. The plan includes the construction of a power-house at Niagara Falls to cost \$24,000,000. This power is to be created by a company known as Niagara, Lockport and Ontario Power Company, which is said to be controlled by the Vanderbilt-Andrews syndicate, which recently purchased two electric roads.

While the Vanderbilts thus are preparing to supplant steam with electricity, J. F. Deems, superintendent of motive power for the entire system, is said to have perfected an invention which will enable locomotives to attain an efficiency of service amounting to 91 per cent instead of between 25 and 40 per cent, as at present. The invention is said to eliminate the cylinder and piston rod and to apply the power directly to the axle of the locomotive, the wheels being given four impulses of steam per revolution.

LEAP YEAR MOST GONE

MUSINGS OF THE BACHELOR SET

Antioch Eligibles Have Well-Defined Opinions of Matrimony

I am convinced that time and tide wait for no man; woman, however, is hopeful to the last.—Charley Lux.

It may be true, as has been said, "all marriages are made in heaven," but if so a lot of them got badly twisted before reaching earth. Matrimony requires careful consideration.—John Thayer.

The man who invented the hammock adapted to "two souls with but a single thought; two hearts that beat as one" proved himself a bachelor's benefactor.—Chase Webb.

A good idea of a married woman is a female at the head of the stairs with a club in her hand at 2 o'clock in the morning.—Geo. Wallis.

We often hear of mother tongue, but not a thing is heard about the father tongue because he can't get in a word.—Charles Alvera.

Leap year is half gone, and still there are lots of nice intelligent girls that are well-qualified to manage a cottage who seem mighty backward in saying anything about matrimony loud enough to be heard.—Roy Pierce.

There is so much similarity about the fair sex that it's hard to choose. The worship of 'em requires a great many human sacrifices.—John Brogan.

From observation I believe that it would evidently be a greater pleasure to die for some woman than to live with them.—Fred Shottliff.

To marry or not to marry; that's the question. Whether 'tis better to remain in single blessedness and suffer the uncertainty, or to take up domestic life is a question not easily determined; but 'tis a consummation devoutly to be wished.—Ira Boylan.

It's a good plan when you are undecided about an important question like jumping into matrimony to stop and consider well. 'Twas stopping that convinced me that there might be lots of happiness in married life.—Walter Taylor.

Plans Are to Open New Libertyville Race Track Sept. 13-16.

Every effort is being directed to getting in readiness the structure in course of erection at the Libertyville Trotting Association's grounds in time for the first race meeting which is to be held September 13 to 16 inclusive. At a meeting of directors it was decided to hold a four days' meeting and to start three races each day besides a running race which will conclude each day's program.

Here is the speed program as arranged, though the running races do not show. A purse of probably three or four hundred dollars will be hung up each day for the runners:

Tuesday, Sept. 13.		
No. 1—2:30 Trot	\$500	
No. 2—2:25 Pace	500	
No. 3—2:18 Trot	1000	
Wednesday, Sept. 14.		
No. 4—2:12 Trot	\$600	
No. 5—2:09 Pace	500	
No. 6—Free for all Pace	600	
Thursday, Sept. 15.		
No. 7—2:15 Pace	\$1000	
No. 8—2:21 Trot	500	
No. 9—2:15 Trot	500	
Friday, Sept. 16.		
No. 10—2:24 Trot	\$600	
No. 11—2:20 Pace	500	
No. 12—2:12 Pace	600	

The meeting will in no way conflict with the Lake County Agricultural Society's annual fair, which will occur two weeks earlier, but it does come on the same date as the big Walworth county fair at Elkhorn.

"Stalwarts" Score in Wisconsin.

The Wisconsin Supreme court issued an order giving the "stalwart" faction of the republican party of the state authority to bring suits against the Secretary of State, Houser, to restrain him from placing the nominees of the LaFollette state ticket on the official ballot. He may also be compelled to place the "stalwart" nominees on the ballot under the designation of republican.

The court granted the request without leaving the bench. The defendant is given twenty days in which to answer and the case will come up for argument Sept. 6. The La Follette faction will contest the action.

Tourist Rates.

The Frisco system will issue, during the summer months, Tourist round trip tickets to various resorts and locations—the Mountains, lakes and Seashore, at greatly reduced rates, with ample return limit. Call on nearest agent, or address Passenger Traffic Department, St. Louis.

Rules Governing Antioch Dist. School

The following are extracts from a set of rules and regulations adopted by the Antioch High School Board, to be in force the coming school year.

Pupils whose parents or guardians reside outside of the school district may be admitted to their proper departments of the School by paying in advance the following rates of tuition:

High school, per month	\$3.00
Grammar room, " "	2.50
Intermediate room, " "	2.00
Primary room, " "	1.75

Tuition must be paid to the Township Treasurer three months in advance and a receipt for the same must be presented to the Clerk of the Board who will then issue a card to be presented to the Treasurer who will admit the pupil to classes.

Any pupil guilty of injuring or defacing any school property shall pay in full all damages and shall be liable to suspension and prosecution.

Any pupils who shall not give due attention to personal cleanliness and neatness may be sent home to be properly prepared for school.

No teacher, or pupil, shall be allowed to carry or use tobacco on the school premises. Children or persons not in school may be prohibited from engaging in games or associating with pupils on the school premises.

Pupils shall not assemble on the school grounds before the ringing of the first bell in the morning.

Pupils coming from the country may come into their respective room before the ringing of the first bell in the morning.

No pupil shall be dismissed before the close of school except at the written or personal request of parent or guardian.

Any pupil having been absent or tardy shall be required to bring a written excuse from parent or guardian, and any pupil forging an excuse shall be suspended.

School will open on the 5th day of Sept., and we hope to see every one in the district, of school age, in attendance. Nothing will be left undone to make this the banner school year for the village of Antioch, and to accomplish this, we ask the co-operation of every one in the district to unite with us in working for the best interest of the school.

Yours truly,

WM. TIFFANY,
C. M. CONFER,
JOHN WELCH,
Directors.

Senatorial Convention.

The democrats of the Eighth Senatorial District, State of Illinois, are requested to send delegates to the senatorial convention to be held in Belvidere, Boone county, Illinois, on Thursday, August 18, 1904, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for state senator and a candidate for minority representative for the general assembly and transacting such other business as may properly come before such convention.

The several counties will be entitled to the following number of delegates, being one delegate for every one hundred votes and major fraction thereof cast for Bryan and Stevenson in 1900.

Boon county, 704 votes, number of delegates, 7.

Lake county, 2,225 votes, number of delegates, 22.

McHenry county, 2,076 votes, number of delegates, 21.

M. A. Hussey, Chairman.

J. E. Sullivan, Sec'y.

J. D. Donovan,

J. K. Orris,

J. A. Sweeney.

Fine of \$20,000 Stands.

The state Supreme court of Minnesota has handed down a decision affirming the decision of the Jackson county District court, holding that a fine of \$20,000 assessed against William Poole and William Kerr for having illegally in their possession 2,000 wild ducks was not excessive.

They appealed on the ground that the fine of \$20 apiece for the ducks was excessive. They also attacked the constitutionality of the statute prohibiting the killing and selling of game for commercial purposes. The Supreme court upheld the statute. The men fined, it is claimed by Executive Agent Fullerton of the state game and fish commission, were in the employ of a Chicago commission firm and had crossed the state line into Iowa with two wagonloads of wild ducks, with the intention of shipping them to Chicago. Mr. Fullerton says there are other cases against them which will now be pushed to a conclusion.

Mr. Fullerton said this clique of illegal hunters was so carefully organized that he and his assistants were under constant espionage, so that none could leave his office without the fact being known to the hunters.

Woman Ascends Mont Blanc.

Miss Beatrice Tomason, an English woman, accompanied by guide Joseph Demarchi, has made a successful ascent of Mont Blanc, in spite of a heavy fall of snow.

BISHOP DEFENDS UNIONS

NOTED DEVINE DELIVERS STIRRING ADDRESS

Has Found that the Demands of the Men Are No More Than Just and Should Be Considered

Preaching from the text "Live and Let Live," Bishop Samuel Fallows, in the pulpit of St. Paul's Reformed Episcopal church, Sunday pleaded the cause of the strikers.

He spoke from personal exhaustive investigation, for during the last week the bishop has delved incognito into the heart of the stock yards and penetrated into the recesses of the strikers' humble homes.

"The bishop deplored the conditions that compelled the employment of wives who ought to be at home, and of children who ought to be in school, calling such conditions ungodly and unmanly.

The employer must live, declared the eloquent divine, but he must live or be untrue to God and man. I have found the laborers were receiving an average of from \$5 to \$7 a week. Women and children were forced to work beside the husband and father to keep the wolf from the door. By working full time which they were unable to do, the laborers could make but \$8 or \$9 a week.

The wealthy employing packer and the imported strike breaker both were condemned in the pulpit discussion of the strike.

In declaring himself an advocate of trade unionism the clergyman urged that the organized laboring man does not infringe on the constitutional rights of his non-union brother, and added: "Unionism is the very salvation of labor. Perish effort to destroy it. The non-unionist is reaping the benefit of the sacrifices and labors of his union brethren and he ought to recognize the sacredness of his obligation to them."

THE DOG WAS TIRED.

Simple Reason Given by Soldier for Act of Kindness.

"Joe" Wheeler relates the following amusing incident that took place during the night of the El Caney affair: "Gen. Lawton's division was marching back to El Paso, there to take up a new position in the morning. The General in company with Major Creighton Webb, inspector general of his staff, was standing at the edge of the road, watching his troops file past. Just as the dawn was breaking the colored troops came in sight. They gave evidence of being dead tired, but were nevertheless full of 'ginger'.

"Gen. Lawton's attention was attracted to a certain corporal of the 25th Infantry, a great six-foot negro, who in addition to a couple of guns and two cartridge-belts loaded, full was carrying a dog. The soldier to whom the other gun belonged was limping alongside his comrade.

"The General halted the men. 'Here, corporal,' said he to the six-foot man, 'didn't you march all last night?'

"'Yes, sir,' responded the negro, saluting.

"'And fought all day?'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'You have, besides, been marching since ten o'clock to-night?'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'Then,' said Lawton, 'why on earth are you carrying that dog?'

"'Well, General,' replied the negro, showing his white teeth in a broad grin, 'the dog's tired!'—July Woman's Home Companion.

Road Built in a Day.

Lothian road, a prominent street in Edinburgh, was made in a single day. Sir James Clerk of Pentlands bet with a friend that he would between sunrise and sunset prepare the line of road, extending nearly a mile in length by twenty paces in breadth. It happened to be in the winter season, when many men were unemployed. He had no difficulty in collecting several hundreds of these on the ground at the appointed time, when he gave them all a plentiful breakfast of porridge, whisky and bread and cheese, after which, just as the sun rose, he ordered them to set to work, some to tear down inclosures, others to unroof and demolish cottages and a considerable portion to bring earth to fill up a great hollow to the required height. The inhabitants, dismayed at so vast a force and so summary a mode of procedure, made no resistance. So active were the workmen that before sunset the road was sufficiently formed to allow Sir James to drive his carriage over it.

Oyster Bay Settled in 1653.

In 1642 a party of English adventurers direct from New England attempted to settle at Oyster Bay, and actually purchased the land from the Indians, but the Dutch drove them out. Eventually a compromise was made and the Dutch and English divided Long Island between them. The first permanent settlement on the site of the present village of Oyster Bay was then made in 1653.

OFFERED INCENSE IN VAIN.

Woman's Flattery Not Appreciated by Gifted Professor.

Barrett Wendell, professor of English at Harvard, cannot endure fulsome praise of any sort or in any disguise. This is well known to Cambridge undergraduates, and seldom do any of them offend. At summer schools, where he is in great demand as a lecturer, he does not escape so easily.

A year or so ago he gave a course in English literature at the University of California. At the first meeting of the class he asked the members to state in writing the benefits they expected to gain from the course. Many filled their papers with laudatory reference to Prof. Wendell, but one young woman far surpassed all others.

"I have long worshipped you from afar off," she began, "and now come to sit at your feet and sip inspiration from your gifted lips."

Prof. Wendell read the paper at the next meeting of the class with this caustic comment:

"I have never known of a woman making such a fool of herself on a single page before."

Made Temporary Truce.

James VI of Scotland—afterward James I. of England—in 1587, being much perturbed by the constant quarrels among his nobles, determined to end all disputes by a summary process of reconciliation. Accordingly, having assembled the nobles on Sunday, May 14, at Holyrood, in the lodging of Sir James Maitland of Thirlestane, he drank to them and caused them all to shake hands. On the following day, after banqueting them in Holyrood, he caused the earls of Angus, Montrose, Mar and Glencairn, also the master of Glamis, and many others—all deadly enemies to one another—to march hand in hand two abreast from the abbey to Holyrood along the Canonicate and High street of Edinburgh to the town cross, where the provost and bailies had a table spread with wines and sweetmeats. Here the company once more drank to their eternal amity and separated. But a few weeks later they were lying in wait, as of old, to kill one another.

Plainsman's Retort.

A year or so ago, when President Roosevelt was making a trip through the West, each town he passed through made some demonstration in honor of the event. The citizens of one town, where the train schedule compelled the President to remain eight or nine hours, decided to make a holiday of it when Mr. Roosevelt arrived. They arranged a series of speeches, horse races, rope throwing and broncho busting. The best talent of the countryside was on hand, and each contributed his share of the entertainment.

One of the cowboys was mounted on an especially ill-tempered beast. He caught the President's fancy on account of his daring and ability. After doing his "stunt" he was introduced to the chief executive, who complimented him on his horsemanship, and inquired: "Do you ride all the time?"

Every one within hearing roared when the plainsman replied, "No, I stop for meals."

For Heavy Drinkers.

The Linnaeus of Spring street, whose botanical erudition is of the most practical stamp, found a friend in the eighth stage of inebriation, and, being much provoked thereat, lectured the unfortunate in these words: "To get drunk ought to be a crime in an age when to prevent it is so easy. Let me see your tongue. Now your palms. Yes, you are of a bilious temperament. Hereafter when you go off on a foot drink three ounces of olive oil. With that as a foundation I'll give you ten whiskeys, twenty-five beers and a dozen bottles of champagne and send you home sober. But you'll not get home sober to-day unless you eat half a head of cabbage. Haul, of course. Chew it up and gobble it down just like a cow eating hay. It will straighten you out in three minutes. Nothing like raw cabbage. The world of rum knows it not. But we botanists know a thing or two."—New York Press.

Penalty for Smuggling.

The Russian customs law imposes a fine of two-thirds the regular duty on imported goods, the quality of which has been misrepresented.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Oats	40 25
Corn—70 lbs. ear	20 00
Hay	17 00 @ 212 00
MILL FEED.	
Barley	20 00
Middlings	20 00 @ 22 00
Grits	21 00
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs.	1 25
Chicken Feed Wheat	1 50
HOGS—Live weight	
Hogs—Dressed	6 75
POULTRY.	
Turkeys	10 00
Ducks	12 00
Geese	8 00
Chickens—Live weight	6 50

The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK

The killing of a white carpenter named Baker by Octave Smith, a negro, has started a race war in Cypress, a small place in Natchitoches Parish, La. The whites have driven the negroes from the town, and it is reported, have wounded several of them.

Miss Hallie Wyckoff, aged 17, of a prominent family of New Carlisle County, Indiana, where she recently graduated from high school, committed suicide because of ill health and failure to get an appointment as teacher in the schools there. She took two ounces of carbolic acid.

The Japanese have captured the Fanchiung forts, northwest of Pigeon Bay, and Marshal Oyama has left for the north, where he expects to take charge of the attack on Liaoyang. Scores of Russian wounded have been taken there from the scene of a fierce attack north of Hailcheng.

Vernie Love, aged 19, a member of an amateur baseball team of Coshocton, Ohio, in Dresden, Ohio. He was struck in the head by a pitched ball. The accident occurred in the second inning, but the lad played through the other seven innings and made two hits, winning the game. At the hotel afterward he fell unconscious and never recovered.

Major J. P. Case, city engineer of Manila, has laid before the Secretary of War and Col. Edwards, chief of the bureau of insular affairs, plans for the proposed water supply and sewerage system for Manila, which formed the subject of an extended conference at the War Department. The new water supply will be brought to Manila by gravity through a pipe line from the heights at the head of the Mariquina valley, a distance of sixteen miles, at a cost of \$2,000,000.

The clubs of the National League now stand thus:

W. L.	W. L.
New York... 56 25 St. Louis... 49 46	
Chicago... 56 36 Boston... 38 61	
Cincinnati... 57 39 Brooklyn... 32 63	
Pittsburg... 52 39 Philadelphia... 26 69	

The table below shows how matters stand in the American League:

W. L.	W. L.
New York... 55 35 Cleveland... 49 49	
Boston... 56 36 St. Louis... 35 51	
Chicago... 58 38 Detroit... 36 54	
Philadelphia... 52 39 Washington... 21 69	

Standings in the American Association are as follows:

W. L.	W. L.
Columbus... 43 30 Minneapolis... 50 50	
St. Paul... 44 41 Indianapolis... 48 57	
Milwaukee... 40 43 Kansas City... 37 63	
Louisville... 59 40 Toledo... 31 73	

The following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League:

W. L.	W. L.
Colo. Springs... 47 40 Des Moines... 49 49	
Deaver... 47 37 St. Joseph... 33 52	
Omaha... 50 46 Sioux City... 30 60	

NEWS NUGGETS.

The Lake Erie and Pittsburgh Railway Company will construct a new line from Pittsburgh to Youngstown, Ohio.

Fourteen persons were injured as a result of a collision between trolley cars in the Clark street subway, Chicago.

Sixteen men taken 200 scraps of tin from the body of a victim of a Pittsburgh mill explosion, and the men may recover.

Albert James, aged 18, shot and killed his 15-year-old sister at their home, twelve miles from Scottsburg. He mistook her for a burglar.

Seventeen prisoners, after a desperate assault upon the warden of the Laurel, Del., jail, escaped. Several are convicted murderers awaiting execution.

A tomb for the body of Pope Leo XIII. has been completed in Rome at a cost of \$85,000 and the body of the late pontiff will be transferred to it.

Charles M. Schwab has refrained from Europe and says he has paid out \$2,000,000 to make good the losses of friends by the collapse of the shipbuilding trust.

Pending a more certain outlook as to the flour demand and the price of cash wheat, all but five of the Minneapolis flour mills have shut down indefinitely.

In Hutchinson, Kan., fire destroyed George Irwin & Co.'s dry goods store, Loeber & Co.'s drug store and several adjoining business houses, entailing losses of \$80,000.

Constable Daniel O'Brien was killed and his father, John O'Brien, was probably mortally wounded near Hillsdale Station, a Philadelphia suburb, by two chicken thieves.

When a highwayman stopped a son of the president of the Chester Military College of Philadelphia the young man rode his horse over the knight of the road and got away.

A theater panic in Buffalo was narrowly averted, a crowd being driven from the Academy of Music in disorder by a blaze that caused a loss of \$400,000 in a building next door.

The damage by the fire which raged in the lower quarter of Strasburg, Alaska Territory, and which destroyed a large orphan asylum and the Magdalen Church, amounts to \$1,500,000.

M. Berkowitz, Russian world's fair commissioner at St. Louis, received a cablegram stating that a valuable collection of applied art pieces sent in from would be added to the Russian exhibit.

An unknown man committed suicide near the Addison station of the Chicago and Erie Railroad by standing on the track and permitting a freight train to strike him. His body was cut to pieces.

Scores of people were rendered homeless and nearly \$100,000 worth of property was destroyed by fire that swept Black Bear, a small town between Wallace and Burke, Idaho. Only a dozen small cottages on the edge of the town were left standing.

Securities, cash and diamonds valued at \$50,000, which had formed part of the loot of the Bear Mouth train robbery, have been recovered. John Christie, arrested in Hope, N. D., guided Special Agent McFetridge to the place where the cache was made, eight miles below the scene of the robbery.

RAIN BENEFITS GROWING CROPS

Corn Makes Good Progress and Conditions Continue Promising.

The weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions is as follows:

Very favorable temperatures prevailed during the week ending Aug. 1 in nearly all districts, and while drouthy conditions are beginning to be felt over limited areas in the central valleys and Southern States the rainfall has been generally ample for crop needs.

Corn has experienced a week of favorable temperature, and while needing rain in portions of the central Mississippi and Missouri valleys, the crop, as a whole, has made good progress and continues in promising condition.

Thrashing winter wheat has advanced under favorable weather conditions in the central valleys, but frequent rains have interrupted this work in the middle Atlantic States. The quality and yield of grain are proving disappointing in the lower Missouri valley, where the crop suffered much from excessive rains during the period of harvest.

Unfavorable reports respecting spring wheat are more pronounced as well as more general than in the previous week, rust being more or less prevalent in all of the principal spring wheat States east of the Rocky Mountains. In portions of Minnesota and North Dakota, however, a good crop is promised. Harvesting is in progress in Iowa, Nebraska and South Dakota and will begin in Minnesota about the 6th. Harvesting is also in progress in Oregon, with better yields than were expected. In Washington spring wheat is ripening somewhat too rapidly as a result of hot winds.

Oats harvest is in general progress in the more northerly sections, and is largely finished in the central and southern districts. Rust has caused damage in North Dakota and portions of Minnesota and rains have proved injurious to oats in stock in Maryland, Delaware and New Jersey.

Cotton has made good growth in the central and eastern portions of the cotton belt, too rapid growth being reported from portions of Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana. Complaints of rust and shedding are more general than in the previous week in the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida.

Shedding is also generally reported from Texas, where most of the crop should be benefited by rains, drouth being most serious in the north central counties. Much of the crop in Mississippi and Louisiana is grassy. Picking continues in southern Texas, where it is expected to be general by the middle of August, and has begun in Alabama and Florida. The condition of tobacco is less favorable in the Ohio valley, where most of the crop is in need of rain, but from Virginia northward tobacco has made good growth and topping is in progress. Curing is progressing in the Carolinas, the crop in North Carolina being much lighter than usual.

In the lower Missouri, central Mississippi and Ohio valleys and over the southern portion of the middle Atlantic States the outlook for apples is not promising, but prospects for this crop are encouraging in the northern portion of the middle Atlantic States, New England and portions of the lake region.

Rains have interrupted haying and damaged hay in the middle Atlantic States, but elsewhere a large crop of generally fine quality has been mostly secured.

BOSTON'S FLORAL GREETING.

Magnificent Display for Visiting Old Soldiers.

The district about the Washington monument will be the center of attraction for the strangers who visit the Public Garden during the encampment of the Grand Army in Boston. Directly in front of the monument facing Commonwealth avenue is a design of the badge of the G. A. R. This is by itself and enclosed in a heart-shaped border of variegated leaves and plants. The whole design, even to the slightest detail, is brought out in striking relief, and is perhaps the best of these special designs. Grouped about the monument are pieces representing the badges of the Woman's Relief Corps, the Sons of Veterans and the Daughters of Veterans and the design of the engineer corps of the army.

These are represented with great regard to detail. The inscription, "Filli Veteranorum," on the badge of the Sons of Veterans is particularly plain, as are the words, "Woman's Relief Corps, 1883," on the badge of that organization and the monogram, "D. V." on the third organization.

Just beyond the badge of the G. A. R. at the Commonwealth avenue entrance the men are now at work on two of the most striking pieces. Looking toward the avenue on the left will be a representation of the American flag, and on the other side will be the Union Jack.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

Tubingen is the latest of the German universities to open its doors to women. Prof. von Pilow of the University of St. Petersburg is in this country for a stay of several weeks.

The golden jubilee of St. Clara's College at Platteville, Wis., ended with solemn requiem mass in the convent chapel.

Charles Nelson Cole has been promoted from associate professor to professor of Latin language and literature in Oberlin College.

The historic Friends' school at Providence, R. I., has closed an epoch in its career by the retirement of Augustine Jones, principal for twenty-five years, from the management.

Major Charles Horace Spooner of the class of '73 of Norwich University retires from a professorship at Washington University, St. Louis, to serve his alma mater as president.

Stewart L. Nims of Durham, N. C., was awarded the John Porter prize in American history at Yale. The second prize went to Allen P. Lovejoy, Jamesville, Wis., and Arthur W. Blackman, New Haven, Conn.

Dr. George P. Huntington, professor of Hebrew at Dartmouth College, died of slow fever. Death occurred only a few hours after the receipt of the intelligence of the death of Hadley, Mass., that afternoon of Dr. Huntington's father, Right Rev. Frederick Dan Huntington, bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Central New York.

PROGRESS OF THE EASTERN WAR

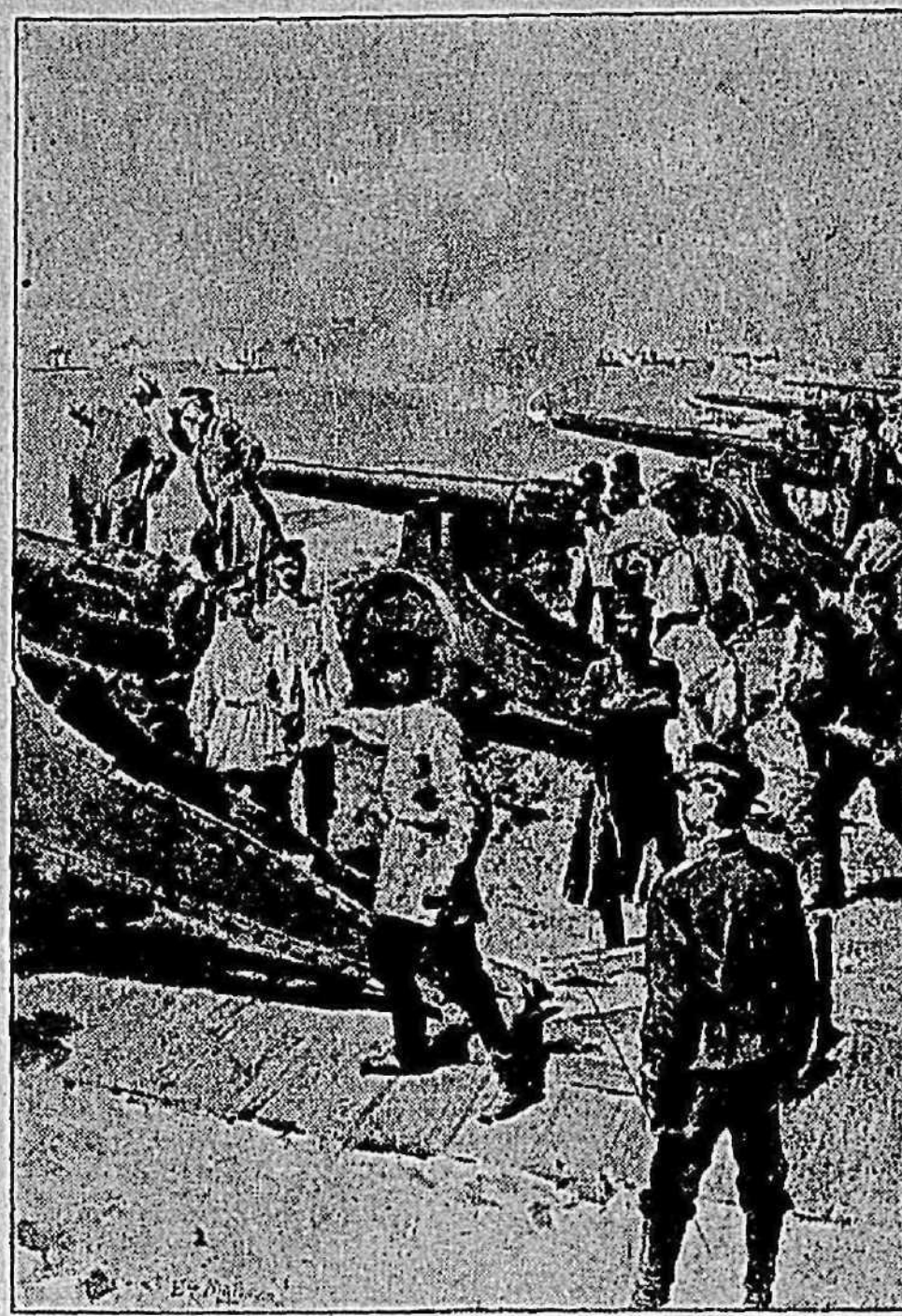
Whether or not Port Arthur has fallen, and it is difficult to separate the spurious from the real in current news of the Russo-Japanese conflict, it is certain there has been some extremely heavy fighting about the fortress within a few days. The tales of the refugees coming from the beleaguered fortress exhibit a greater degree of unanimity than they have yet done. For three days the Japs attacked the outer forts. They displayed fanatical, almost criminal bravery. The Russians believe that from 17,000 to 20,000 of them were moved down as they cut their way through the barb wire entrenchments and rushed up the slopes. It seems that their main objectives were strong positions on Wolf, Green and Christ hills. The first two were captured, but the last holds out, and is said to be the last outlying fort held by the Russians.

Almost every civilian has left the town. Its hospitals are crowded to overflowing with wounded. The maimed soldiers lack both attendance and shelter, yet the condition can be nothing like as bad as that of Plevna, which held out 142 days, and which finally fell, not to assault but to starvation. If the Japs take Port Arthur by assault they will break all modern military precedents.

The severest as well as the most important fighting which took place during the week in the central theater of war was at Yushu pass between the forces of Gen. Kuroki and Gen. Htzelmann.

Yushu pass was of immense strategic value to the Russians. It is twenty-five miles east of Liaoyang on the Salmatze road. If the Russians could have held it they would not only have checked their enemy's advance along this road, but they would have been in a good position on his flank if he moved forward upon either the Liaoyang high road or the upper roads to Mukden. The Japanese plan is for Gen. Kuroki's forces to swing around to the north, enveloping Kuropatkin, but the Muscovites firmly intrenched at Yushu pass would seriously interfere with it, indeed, they did not altogether defeat such a purpose. To get behind the Russians Kuroki would then have to make a wide detour to the northward and strike the railroad about Mukden. Such a maneuver would expose his communications to the Yushu force.

Both sides appreciated the strength of the position. Kuroki got word that it was being largely re-enforced and strongly fortified. He said that he must move against it quickly. At daybreak his army attacked the position, which the Russians held with two divisions and corresponding artillery. (A Russian division contains 15,500 men at full strength.) The Japs carried the left and right wings, but the main position resisted them. The thermometer registered over 100 degrees Fahrenheit, and both sides suffered cruelly from heat exhaustion. The fighting



INTERIOR OF A PORT ARTHUR FORT.

direct frontal assault, but were unsuccessful. During the afternoon the entire line on each side got engaged. The Japanese testify to the bravery of the Russian defenders, who were, as usual, outnumbered. Both sides slept on their arms during the night. The fighting was resumed at break of day, and at 8 o'clock the Russians were driven back to a point fifteen miles east of Liaoyang.

There was a beautiful synchronization between the two actions, which, though only fifteen miles apart as the birds flies, were nevertheless at least a day's march distant from each other, owing to the excessively difficult country and the lack of paths. At the two fights the Russians had captured two guns, sixty rifles, 400 tents, much ammunition and equipment, eight officers and 149 men. In addition they killed and wounded numbered about 2,000. The Japanese losses are given as 1,000. During the week severe fighting also occurred at Simoucheung, fifteen miles southwest of Hailcheng, where Gen. Zassallitch, with 18,000 men, held a

There has been no severe fighting in the central theater of war since Aug. 1. In such intolerable heat as has blighted that region for the last few days it were enough to exhaust anybody to walk a mile in the hot sun. Far more so, then, to walk many and run a few miles fighting for one's life all the time. The Russians were burdened with their heavy overcoats during this fighting—an inexcusable military blunder.

The Japs are now reported to be within a few miles of Mukden on the north, within ten miles of Liaoyang on the east, and in contact with Anshanchan on the south. A fresh detachment, which disembarked at Nowchewang, is making its way up on the southwest, so Kuropatkin's army appears to be about three-quarters surrounded. The break in the Japanese line of encirclement lies towards the west. If the Russians struck out in that direction they would lose their line of communication and supplies and be readily followed up and destroyed. The Russians have fewer than 100,000 men and the Japanese more than 200,000 men.

A report has come from St. Petersburg that troops are being rushed to Harbin to the full capacity of the railroad, but that none are being sent below Harbin. The trains are sent empty down to Liaoyang, filled with Kuropatkin's soldiers, and hurried north again. It may be part of Kuropatkin's plan to leave but an empty shell of an army at that town for the Japs to surround. If Kuropatkin actually succeeds in this plan he will have accomplished a great military achievement, even in his defeat. He has been leading a forlorn hope for many months, and has borne up well under the strain. If he can get out of the iron trap which the Japs have thrown around him he will assert his right to a higher position as a soldier than he now possesses.

War News in Brief.
Russia needs United States protest on the seizure of foodstuffs as contraband of war.

Nagasaki reports Port Arthur is captured by the Japanese, but the rumor is not confirmed.

Russian correspondent says Japs lost 13,000 men in a repulse at Houtslatz, near Liaoyang.

Cargoes valued at \$10,500,000 consigned by American merchants to Japan and Russia are in danger of seizure.

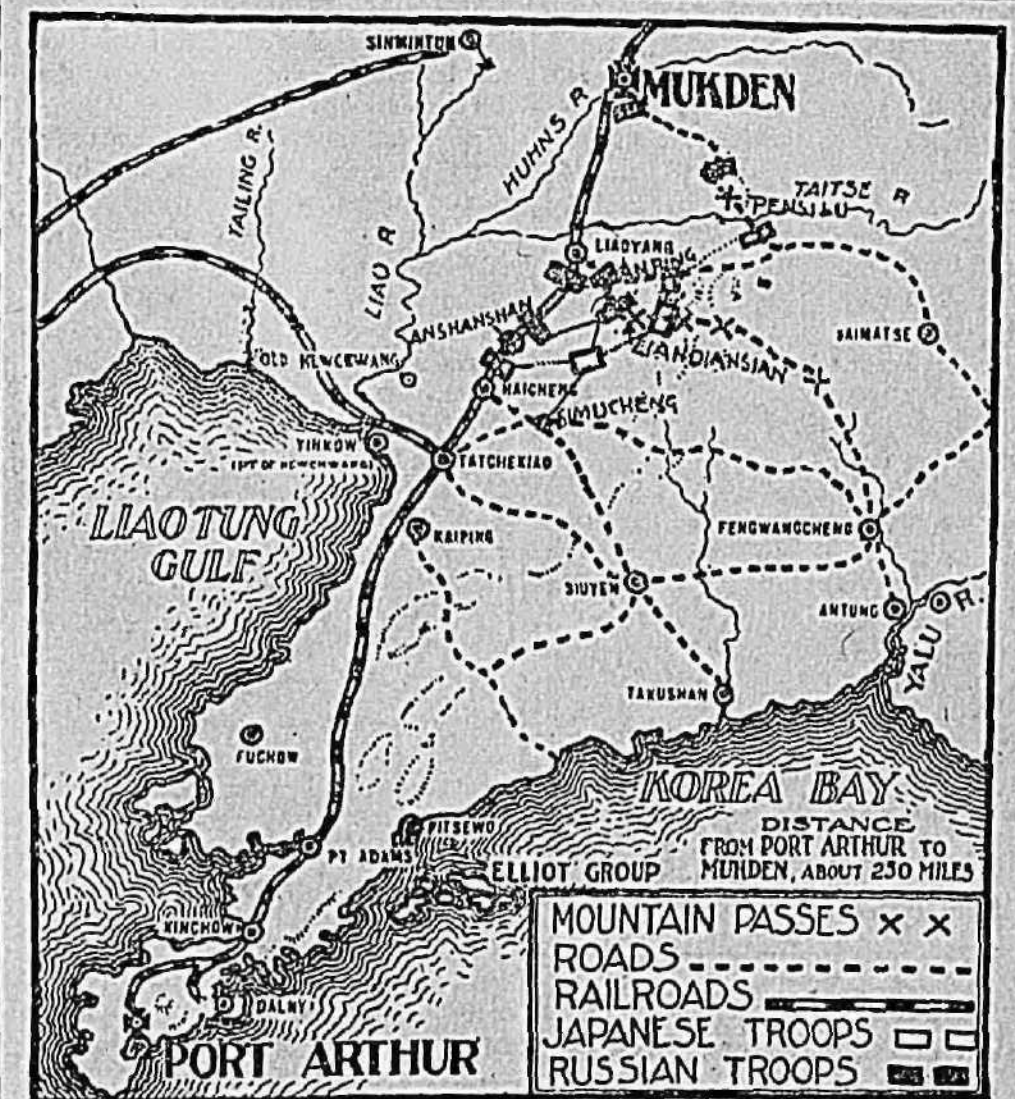
Gen. Stoessel, commander at Port Arthur, reports to the Czar that he repulsed the Japs with a loss of 10,000 men, the Russians losing 1,000.

Japanese soldiers stood the supreme test of an attack during the night in repulsing the Russian onslaught at Motien Pass. One Japanese lieutenant severed the heads of several foes with his sword.

Positive confirmation of her right to search and seize neutral vessels suspected of carrying contraband of war is contained in Russia's reply to the United States on the seizure of the steamer Arabia.

Government in Washington at a cabinet meeting decided to issue shortly its position on contraband of war, and will insist that foodstuffs be not classed as goods liable to seizure unless it can be proved that they are for the immediate use of the belligerents.

Count Tolstoi is denounced by the Russian government, which has issued a reply to his article printed in the London Times. The novelist is charged with having precipitated the war with Japan, in having urged the Japanese on by his proclamations of civil unrest.



SCENE OF LATE OPERATIONS.

continued until dark, when both sides rested on their arms facing each other. The following day at daybreak the Japs resumed their attack, and by noon had dislodged the enemy and driven him four miles westward. Kuroki repeated his Yalu maneuver, for he sent his reserves ahead on a path parallel to the road the Russians must take in their retreat. These reserves secured a strong artillery position and shelled the retreating Russians savagely down their whole line at a distance of from one-eighth to five-eighths of a mile.

Yangse pass is on the main road to Liaoyang, about twenty-five miles east by south of Liaoyang, and fifteen miles south of Yushu. At dawn the left wing of Kuroki's army assailed Yangse. The ground was exceedingly difficult, being steep and unsuited to the emplacement of guns. Only twenty Japanese guns got into action. The Nipponese tried a

strong position at Nanga pass. He made a splendid fight until he discovered that the Japanese had got around to his flank and were enfilading his gunners. This is the same thing that happened to Zassallitch at the battle of the Yalu. St. Petersburg excuses him this time, however, because Gen. Zaroubieff, who was on Zassallitch's right, had been driven back before Zassallitch was warned. Consequently Zassallitch's right flank was laid bare—a fact which the Japs saw quicker than he did and took advantage of it. This fight continued for two days. The same night the Russians, feeling the superior weight of the enemy telling heavily against them, retreated to Hailcheng. The Japanese captured six guns and thirty-three prisoners, but it cost them 1,000 men to do it. The Russians, on the other hand, are reported to have lost 2,000.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

New York.

The advice received this week from special agents of the International Mercantile Agency at the leading trade centers of the country are, in the main, satisfactory. The spirit of optimism is growing and confidence in a good fall and winter business increases from week to week. Current activity in the different industrial lines is not great, but it is better than it was a year ago, with the very wholesome influence of a faith in better things. A decided reaction has occurred in the movement of stocks, but this is not due to any material change in business prospects.

There has been good growing weather for the crops which are approaching harvest under continued improved conditions. In the spring wheat sections of the northwest some rust has been discovered which will reduce the yield.

Harvesting is in progress in nearly all of the leading winter wheat States, and the results are better than farmers thought they would be two weeks ago. It is beginning to be believed, though, that the total yield will leave a small exportable surplus, and that the price of wheat and flour during the next twelve months will be high.

Chicago.

R. G. Dunn & Co.'s weekly review of Chicago trade says: The week closes a month usually one of the duller in business circles, and few important branches have shown activity exceeding or equal to that of a year ago. Stocks of general merchandise throughout the interior experienced a satisfactory reduction and this encouraged improved orders in the selection of full lines by country retailers. Local conditions, however, were not conducive to better than a normal consumption in necessities, due mainly to the accumulation of labor troubles, curtailed production and consequent diminished purchasing power of many wage-earners in voluntary idleness.

The situation may be slow in righting itself, yet indications are not lacking which present the outlook in a brighter aspect. Agricultural reports reflect successful harvesting thus far and the growing crops plentiful and rapidly maturing.

Aside from the interruption due to strikes the manufacturing industries show no special change, except some effort to respond promptly to new demands involving increased output. This applies mostly in the manufacture of farm machinery, electric appliances, furniture and mill work. New building plans are more numerous than those a year ago and require considerable quantities of material, thus providing much work for producers.

Grain shipments, 3,145,335 bushels, are 10.7 per cent over those a year ago. Foreign buying remained narrow and the increased shipments are due to growing domestic requirements, stocks of flour being regarded in low condition. Compared with last week's closing, prices advanced in wheat 3 1/4 cents a bushel, in oats 2 1/4 cents and in corn 1/4 cent. Receipts of live stock, 335,270 head, are barely one-half the total of same week last year. Sheep values weakened 50 cents, but choice hogs held steady and heavy hogs advanced 25 cents a hundredweight.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$6.00; hogs, shipping grades, \$4.00 to \$5.50; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.75 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 95c to 97c; corn, No. 2, 51c to 52c; oats, standard, 32c to 33c; rye, No. 2, 62c to 64c; hay, timothy, \$8.50 to \$15.00; prairie, \$10.00 to \$11.50; butter, choice creamery, 16c to 17c; eggs, fresh, 14c to 16c; potatoes, 40c to 50c.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.00; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$5.40; sheep, common to prime, \$2.50 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 95c to 96c; corn, No. 2, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 35c; rye, No. 2, 60c to 68c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.50 to \$5.75; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.40; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 95c to 96c; corn, No. 2, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 35c; rye, No. 2, 60c to 68c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.40; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 95c to 96c; corn, No. 2, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 35c; rye, No. 2, 60c to 68c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.40; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 95c to 96c; corn, No. 3, yellow, 52c to 54c; oats, No. 3, white, 41c to 43c; rye, No. 3, 71c to 72c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, \$1.02 to \$1.04; corn, No. 3, 51c to 53c; oats, No. 2, white, 41c to 42c; rye, No. 1, 67c to 68c; barley, No. 2, 54c to 55c; pork, mess, \$12.07.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 92c to 94c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 52c to 54c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 41c to 42c; rye, No. 2, 64c to 65c; clover seed, prime, \$8.05.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$6.25; hogs, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$5.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.50 to \$4.75; lambs, common to choice, \$5.75 to \$6.75.

New York—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$5.80; hogs, \$4.00 to \$6.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.02 to \$1.04; corn, No. 2, 57c to 58c; oats, No. 2, white, 45c to 46c; butter, creamery, 16c to 17c; eggs, western, 17c to 20c.

MRS. KRAUSS IS HELD.

CORONER'S VERDICT ACCUSES HER AS POISONER.

Prisoner Claims Stepdughter Took Her Own Life—State Relies Upon Boy's Story to Make Case Against Woman—Additional Evidence Found.

Mrs. Rno Krauss, accused of poisoning her step-daughter at Hartford City, Ind., has been bound over to the October term of court. The only time in the examination that she lost her indifferent expression was when the coroner read the note in which she is said to have asked the druggist for 15 cents' worth of strychnine. Then she laughed. Lloyd Somerville, a 9-year-old boy who says he bore the note, was the strongest witness for the State. His testimony could not be shaken in cross-examination. The defense introduced no witnesses. Physicians testified that the cause of death was strychnine poisoning and not arsenic, and that the bottle which the defense represented as having been found in the girl's bed and as containing arsenic bore no traces of that poison. The object of the defense was to establish the theory of suicide.

Coroner William A. Hollis declares that new evidence has been secured against Mrs. Krauss. When asked the nature of the evidence he refused to



MISS CRYSTAL KRAUSS.

say more than that it was the most damaging and sensational of any yet brought out.

It is said the bottle found in Crystal's bed, which was thought to have contained strychnine and was alleged to have been put there by Mrs. Krauss, has been found to have contained nothing but a harmless powder. It is claimed that the attorneys for the defendant will try to disprove the little Somerville boy's story. They will attempt to show that Mrs. Krauss was not dressed in the manner described by the boy, but that Crystal was so dressed. They will also try to prove an alibi, as they claim Mrs. Krauss was not at home when the boy went to the house with the milk.

"I find strychnine in the stomach and liver of Crystal Krauss in quantities large enough to kill, and her death undoubtedly was due to its presence," Dr. L. P. Drayer, of Ft. Wayne, has issued this statement after an analysis of the stomach of Crystal Krauss. In addition, Dr. Drayer declared that the bottle alleged to have been found beneath the pillow of the bed in which the girl expired contained a half-teaspoonful of white arsenic. There were no traces of this poison to be found in the girl's organs.

PARKER RESIGNS AS JUDGE.

His Action Forfeits Place in Court of Appeals Forever.

Judge Alton Brooks Parker has filed with Deputy Secretary of State Horace G. Tennant in Albany his resignation as chief judge of the New York Court of Appeals. Although dated at Rosemount, Esopus, N. Y., the resignation was handed in by a messenger sent from the judge's chambers, and followed a conference between the judge and his associates on the bench of the Court of Appeals. The resignation is worded as follows:

"Rosemount, Esopus, N. Y.—I hereby respectfully resign my office as chief judge of the Court of Appeals of the State of New York, such resignation to take effect immediately.

"ALTON B. PARKER."

By his action Judge Parker disregarded the advice of the various politicians and others who have been urging him to withhold his resignation for three days. By so doing he would have made it impossible for a successor to his office to be nominated until next year, and would have held the place open for himself in the event of his defeat for the presidency of the United States in November, a temporary chief justice being appointed by the Governor to serve out the year.

The defeat of Judge Parker in the fall now would mean that his old place at the head of the highest of the State courts would practically be closed to him forever, as the man elected this year will have a fourteen-year term to serve.

Charles Thornton of Chicago, acting for A. Booth & Co., filed in Columbus, Ohio, an answer to the quo warranto proceedings brought to oust the company from that State, in which he denies the claim that the company is a trust and declares it has not exceeded its charter rights.

At Earlboro, O. T., John Kane, a railroad employe, shot and fatally wounded his wife with a revolver. He then shot himself through the heart, dying instantly. Domestic trouble is supposed to have caused the tragedy.

MANY DIE IN TRAIN HORROR.

Five Coaches Plunge Into Colorado Creek from Weakened Bridge.

Probably about 100 persons were killed or drowned in a railway wreck on the Rio Grande at Plino, Col. The Rio Grande passenger train No. 11, south bound, went through the bridge over Fountain Creek. The engine and five coaches were thrown into the creek, which is swollen from recent heavy rains.

The wreck undoubtedly was due to a cloudburst. For hours that evening the country north of Pueblo was swept by the heaviest rain storm that has been experienced in this vicinity for a score of years. Small streams were swollen into raging torrents, bridges swept away, and the roadbed of the railway washed and weakened in spite of the heavy stone ballast. Fountain Creek, in which the Rio Grande train plunged, runs through a winding, stone-lined gully, through the hills, and it was filled with a rush of waters so impetuous that the railroad bridge was barely able to stand alone, even before the train dashed upon it, and was precipitated into the flood below.

It is believed there were fully 125 persons on the train and only twenty-three survivors have been accounted for. With the breaking of day the full horror of the scene became apparent. Wreckage was visible in all directions, dead bodies being seen here and there in the piles of debris from the cars, driftwood and mud. Many of the bodies were carried down Fountain Creek by the wall of water, which had force enough to carry several coaches nearly four miles away from the point where they went through the bridge.

A cloudburst had filled the creek and water was flowing over the trestle when the train started across. The bridge went down under the weight of the train, and the baggage car, smoker and chair car were precipitated into the torrent. The engine got almost across, but fell back into the water.

The body of Engineer Hinman was found 200 feet down the river. All the cars were washed down the stream. The express car was found not far away with the safe open and its contents gone. The chair car was half a mile from the scene of the accident, half-filled with sand, in which were buried the bodies of many passengers. The smoker was washed still farther downstream and was not located until several hours after the time of the accident.

Upon the news reaching Pueblo a special train bearing all the available surgeons and the Rio Grande and Missouri Pacific officials left for the scene. Later a second train, carrying stretchers, cots and a number of officials, was sent out. Two hours afterward the relief train returned to the city bringing those who had escaped with their lives.

BRITISH ENTER LASSA.

Younghusband's Expedition Reaches Goal in Holy City of Tibet.

The British Thibetan expedition, under Colonel Younghusband, has finally entered Lassa, its coveted goal, after a determined journey marked with the blood of thousands.

Colonel Younghusband is the first European to enter the holy city of the Thibetans. Until now the natives have successfully resisted all attempts at invasion. Fighting with the crudest of weapons, but imbued with the unflinching patriotism of the Spartans, they have turned back expedition after expedition.

"Thus far shalt thou go, but no farther," has been their motto when peaceful overtures for entrance into Lassa have been made. They always met foreign envoys at a place far remote from their capital and close to their territorial limits and voiced this unchanging motto in resisting any attempt at further advance.

"Enter Lassa at any cost," was the order given Colonel Younghusband when he started on his expedition many months ago. Twice was he compelled to call for re-enforcements as he pounded his way toward his goal, but for every British life laid down during his onward march the lives of at least one hundred natives have been the price.

The war has been one between medievalism and twentieth century death dealing weapons. With a man of Colonel Younghusband's dogged determination as the British leader the fighting could have but one result.

SHOWS CONDITION OF G. A. R.

Report of Adjutant General Places Membership at 250,000.

According to the report of the adjutant general of the Grand Army of the Republic, to be made at the encampment at Boston, 6,029 members of the order have died during the year, and about 250,000 veterans still wear the badge of the society. The gains in the last twelve months have aggregated 23,000, while the losses by death and suspension were slightly in excess of the gains. The quartermaster general's report will show a good year financially. There is about \$10,000 cash in the treasury and \$10,000 in federal bonds available when needed. About \$7,000 has been raised for the purpose of erecting a memorial to the late Dr. Benjamin F. Stephenson, founder of the order.

All Around the Globe.

Mrs. Elizabeth Lupton, the oldest person in Sumner County, Kan., died at the home of her son, R. W. Lupton, near Riverside, Kan., aged 97 years.

In a quarrel over the killing of a dog, William Boydston shot George Hammer four times. Both are farmers living two miles east of Camden Point, Mo.

Within a radius of fifty miles of Oklahoma City within the past sixty days expert oil and gas men have taken leases on over 80,000 acres of land on which they will bore for oil.

FAIRBANKS IS NOTIFIED.

Republican Candidate for Vice President Informed of Nomination.

Charles W. Fairbanks, senior United States Senator from Indiana, was formally notified Wednesday of his nomination for Vice President of the United States by the Republican national convention. The exercises were held on the wide veranda of Senator Fairbanks' Indianapolis home, in the presence of members of the notification committee, consisting of one member from each State and territory, the Governor and other State officials of Indiana, the Republican candidates for State office, the Indiana Republican congressional delegation, Indiana delegates and alternates to the national convention, the State central committee and the Republican Editorial Association. All these had been especially invited.

The notification address was made by Ellhu Root, formerly Secretary of War, who was temporary chairman of the convention. Mr. Root dwelt on the supreme responsibility of the vice presidency in case of succession to the presidency, for sad and bitter experience, he said, admonishes us that provision for succession to the presidency is no idle form. Of the last twelve



SENATOR FAIRBANKS.

Presidents elected by the people of the United States five—nearly one-half—have died in office and have been succeeded by Vice Presidents. The Democratic party, Mr. Root said, has nominated a candidate for the vice presidency an excellent gentleman, who was born during the presidency of James Monroe and who before the 4th of March next will be in the eighty-second year of his age. Before the next administration is ended he will be approaching his eighty-sixth birthday.

"The demands of the presidential office upon the mental and physical vitality are so great, so continuous and so exhausting as to be wholly beyond the capacity of any man of 85. In the full strength of middle life you are prepared for the exhausting duties of the presidency. Your successful and distinguished career, the ability and probity with which you have already discharged the duties of high office, the universal respect and esteem of the people of Indiana who have delighted to honor you, the attachment of hosts of friends throughout the Union all assure us that you have the character and the ability to govern wisely and strongly should you become President."

Response of Mr. Fairbanks. Following was the speech of Senator Fairbanks accepting the nomination for the vice presidency:

Mr. Root and Gentlemen of the Committee: I thank you for the very generous terms in which you have covered the official notification of my nomination for Vice President of the United States. The unsolicited and unanimous nomination by the Republican party is a call to duty which I am pleased to obey. I accept the commission which you bring with a profound sense of the dignity and responsibilities of the exalted position for which I have been nominated. My utmost endeavor will be to discharge in full measure the trust if the action of the convention shall meet the approval of the American people.

"The platform adopted by the convention is an explicit and emphatic declaration of principles in entire harmony with those policies of our party which have brought great honor and prosperity to our common country, and which, if continued, will bring us like blessings in the future."

Strengthened the Account.

H. C. Hitt formerly practiced law in Omaha. On one occasion he was hired to defend a comparative stranger who had run afoul of the ordinances regarding licenses. Hitt charged \$25 for his services, and received a check for that sum.

He went into the bank an hour later and presented the check. The teller took it, went over and examined the books, and returned the check with the remark, "There is not so much money to the credit of that man's account."

"Not \$25?" demanded Mr. Hitt. "How much has he got?"

"He has just \$24.50," replied the teller.

Mr. Hitt pulled out 50 cents, went to a desk, made out a deposit slip in the name of the signer of the check, and returned to the window. He handed in the deposit slip and the half-dollar without a word. The money was taken, and then Mr. Hitt presented the check again.

This time the check was paid, and the man's account was closed.

She Was Interested.

"Be mine," old Roxley pleaded, "and your slightest wish shall be gratified." "I'm sorry, Mr. Roxley," began the fair young beauty.

"I would do anything for you?" he continued, "I would die for you?"

"Is that a promise?" she asked, eagerly.—Philadelphia Press.

Or a Lobster.

He—Are you opposed to smoking? She—Not when it is used to cure a ham.—Detroit Free Press.

future. The monetary and economic policies which have been so forcibly reannounced lie at the very foundation of our industrial life, and are essential to the fullest development of our national strength. They give vitality to our manufactures and commerce, and it impaired or overthrown there would inevitably ensue a period of industrial depression, to the serious injury of the vast interests of both labor and capital.

"The Republican party, since it preserved the integrity of the republic and gave freedom to the oppressed, never rendered a more important service to the country than when it established the gold standard. Under it we have increased our currency supply sufficiently to meet the normal requirements of business. It is gratifying that the convention made frank and explicit declaration of the inflexible purpose of the party to maintain the gold standard. It is essential not only that the standard should be as good as the best in the world, but that the people should have the assurance that it will be so maintained.

"The enemies of sound money were powerful enough to suppress mention of the gold standard in the platform lately adopted by the Democratic national convention. The leader of the Democracy in two great national campaigns has declared since the adjournment of the convention that as soon as the election is over he will undertake to organize the forces within the Democratic party for the next national contest, for the purpose of advancing the radical policies for which his element of the party stands. He frankly says that the money question is for the present in abeyance. In view of these palpable facts it is not the part of wisdom to abandon our vigilance in safeguarding the integrity of our monetary system. We must have not only a President who is unalterably committed to the gold standard, but both houses of Congress in entire accord with him upon the subject. In Congress and not with the President rests the supreme power to determine the standard of our money. Though the chief executive should oppose, Congress, acting within its independent constitutional authority, could at any time overthrow or change the monetary standard.

"The wisdom of our protective policy finds complete justification in the industrial development of the country. This policy has become a vital part of our industrial system, and must be maintained unimpaired. When altered schedules change the schedules in schedules desirable their modification can be safely entrusted to the Republican party. If they are to be changed by the enemies of the system along free trade lines, uncertainty would take the place of certainty and a reaction surely would follow, to the injury of the wage-earners and all who are profitably employed. Uncertainty undermines confidence, and loss of confidence breeds confusion and distress in commercial affairs.

"The convention was wise not only in its enunciation of party policy, but in its election of a candidate for the presidency. During the last three years President Roosevelt has been confronted with large and serious questions. These he has met and solved with high wisdom and courage. The charges made against him in the Democratic platform find an irrefutable answer in his splendid administration, never surpassed in all the history of the republic and never equaled by the party which seeks to discredit it.

"The election of the President is imperatively demanded by those whose support depends upon the continuance of a safe, conservative and efficient administration of public affairs. We have an ample record of deeds done, of beneficent things accomplished in the public interest. The vast business of the government has been well administered. The laws have been enforced fearlessly and impartially. The treasury has been adequately supplied with revenue and the financial credit of the government never was better. Our foreign trade balance continues to increase our national wealth. We have adopted an irrigation policy which will build homes in the arid regions of the West. The Panama Canal, the hope of centuries, is in course of construction under the sole protection of the American flag.

"We have peace and great prosperity at home and abroad on terms of good neighborhood to the entire world. The conditions constitute the strongest possible assurance for the future. "Later I shall avail myself of a favorable opportunity to submit to you, and through you to my fellow citizens, a fuller expression of my views concerning the questions now in issue. Permit me again to thank you and to express the belief that we may confidently submit our cause to the candid and patriotic judgment of our countrymen."

Josh Billings' Philosophy.

It is those who creep that offendest win the race.

A sassy man iz either a coward or a phool—take yur choice, gentlemen. There is no such thing as invention; all things that we have are diskoverys.

Familiarity iz never safe only between those of grate strength or karakter.

There is nothing that a man will thrive so well on as abuse that isn't merited.

The grate trouble iz, the world iz filling up with people of big learning and small common sense.

It iz bad enuff to be a fast-rate monkey, but to be a third-rate one iz more disastrous than to be an ideot. The grate mass of mankind waste more time than they use, and they rant about the shortness and uncertainty of life.

Whenever you cum akrost a man who distrusts everybody, you have found one that iz safe for everybody to distrust.

Yung man, studdy politeness. Even if yu ask a man for a toothpick after he haz got done using it, don't fail to thank him for it politely.

Natur never makes a mistake nor a blunder. When she undertakes, for instance, to make a phool, she gits him right the first time, and he can't be improved upon.

If a man can't write a paragraph that iz worth reading, he certainly can't write a page. The strongest and most lasting things that haz been sed, haz been sed in three lines.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The first war expert to get out a concise account of what has really happened in the far East will meet a long-felt want. Never since newspapers began to report wars in detail has there been so unsatisfactory a state of affairs for the general reader as now exists, and the average person declares that he has stopped trying to puzzle out the news of the day for fear of learning so many things that are not so. If any of the correspondents at the front really knows the facts he could hardly do better than to give up his place, escape from the censors and hurry home to give the world a really full and unbiased account. Last month's news is better than to-morrow's fake, and the East got itself a bad name for fabricated news as long ago as the Boer risk. The very strictness of the military censorship on both sides gives the unscrupulous a wider field.—Springfield Republican.

According to the insurance department of the State of Wisconsin the annual loss by fires in this country during the twenty-five years preceding the current year has averaged to \$190,000,000. Of course a very large part of this was made good to the owners of the destroyed property by the insurance companies, but that does not really supply the loss. It merely shifts the burden. For the current year the losses are already abnormally large and, estimating them for the remainder of the year at the average rate, will reach \$300,000,000, or considerably more than double the annual average for the quarter of a century named. If the were merely transformation of one kind of property into another, or transfer from one ownership to another, or fluctuation in price bringing loss to some corresponding gain to others, it would matter little. But it is absolute loss as part of the appreciable wealth of the world. So far as human uses are concerned it is annihilated property. There is no reason why we should not have such rules of building and of management as would cut down these losses one-half within a single decade.—Chicago Chronicle.

As a result of a rate war between steamship lines, immigrants have of late been coming to the United States at a cost of ten dollars, and in certain cases for even less. This is a great loss to the companies. As a business situation it is for them properly named a "war." But the larger question of the effect on the American people of such immigration remains unsettled. Strength is in many ways measured by effort. In the early days of the country's history it was a serious undertaking to cross the ocean in a light sailing vessel, to seek a home in the wilderness of the New World. The privations of the early English settlers at Jamestown, of the little band of Pilgrims at Plymouth, to say nothing of the Dutch at Manhattan or the Swedes in Wilmington, are familiar. How different it is to get to America for ten dollars, to find it well settled and full of old friends and neighbors! A rather cheap man can get here for ten dollars, or he sent here by those interested for any reason in getting him away. Two hundred years ago it took a strong man to brave the inevitable hardships, and make the jump. The grain was thus severely sifted, the choicest kernels might be planted in this New World—to use a figure of a former president of Harvard College, in describing the early settlement of America. Now there remains no way to make migration to these shores difficult except by legislation imposing additional restrictions. Such laws as we have are already rigidly enforced. The steamship war complicates a political problem which no man as yet has been wise enough to solve.—Yonk's Companion.

FUNSTON TO SUCCEED GRANT.

Capturer of Aguinaldo Assigned to Department of Lakes.

Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston, who is to succeed Brig. Gen. Grant in command of the department of the lakes, is at present in command of the department of the Columbia. Born in Ohio thirty-nine years ago, he received his education in the public schools of Kansas and at the Kansas State University, his family having moved West when he was a boy. In 1890



BRIGADIER GENERAL FUNSTON.

he was a reporter in Kansas City, in 1891 a botanist with the United States Death Valley expedition, and two years later he explored Alaska for the Department of Agriculture. He joined the insurgent army in Cuba in 1895 and in 1898 was commissioned colonel of the Twentieth Kansas Volunteers. He went to the Philippines and in 1899 was made a brigadier general of volunteers, being appointed to the same grade in the regular army in 1901 after the capture of Aguinaldo.

Comptroller of the Treasury Tracywell rendered a decision in Washington that while the general spirit and purpose of the Constitution is applicable to the Panama canal zone, that domain is not a part of the United States, and therefore the President and the commission will control affairs until Congress prescribes some other course.

While not officially announced, the understanding at the Navy Department is that the two collars authorized by the last Congress will be built at the navy yards at New York and Mare Island.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Carroll D. Wright, Commissioner of the Labor Bureau, in the eighteenth annual report of the bureau, gives the results of a comprehensive inquiry into the cost of living since 1890 and into the average wage rate during those periods.

The showing, so far as concerns wages, covered an investigation of 519 occupations, representing 67 industries in 3,420 separate establishments. It showed an average increase in wages during this period of 16.6 per cent. The inquiry into the cost of living shows that living for working men's families having under \$1,200 income per year had increased during this period 15.5 per cent. In order to ascertain this average increase the labor bureau secured the income and expenditure in detail of 2,567 families in thirty-three States, retail prices being taken. The statement shows that the 2,567 families consisted of an average of 5.31 persons, and that the average income for the year 1901 was \$827, the average annual expenditure for all purposes \$768, and the average expenditure for food \$320 per family. The principal items of expenditure were: Food, 42.54 per cent of the total expenditure; rent, 12.05 per cent; clothing, 14.04 per cent; and taxes, insurance, organization dues, religion, charity, books and newspapers, amusements, sickness and death, and intoxicating liquors, 14.61 per cent. Each family consumed 349 pounds of fresh beef during the year of a cost of \$50. The lowest average price of food from 1890 to 1903 was in 1896. The highest price was in 1902, when it was 110.0 per cent of the average price for the period. The average cost of food per family in 1890 was \$318; in 1896, \$290; in 1902, \$344; and in 1903, \$342.

The Interstate Commerce Commission in the case of the Denison Light and Power Company against the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad decided that the freight rate of \$1.90 per ton on coal from the McAlester district, Indian Territory, to Denison, is "unreasonable," and should not exceed \$1.25. The commission also decided that 90 cents per 100 pounds was the just rate for shipping horses from Bayou Sarn, La., to St. Louis, Mo., instead of \$1.80, the rate charged by the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley and Illinois Central railway companies, and complained of by C. M. Barrow. The rate complained of is on less than car load lots and upon an estimated weight of 2,000 pounds for each animal. The commission recommends that the weight of the first animal be estimated at 4,000 pounds and each additional animal 2,000 pounds.

A startling condition of affairs is shown by a report made public by Commissioner General of Immigration Sargent. It shows the number of aliens in confinement in penal and charitable institutions in the United States during the first four months of the present year, and deals only with those aliens who have been in this country less than five years. There are confined in the institutions covered by the report 28,939 males and 15,643 females, all of whom have not become citizens of the United States. Of this number 3,995 are imprisoned for grave offenses, 5,986 for minor crimes, while 20,270 are insane and 14,004 are paupers. New York leads in the percentages, with Boston second and Philadelphia third. The investigation is being continued.

The federal government is generous to its hired help and goes down in its wallet to the extent of \$3,000,000 to give them a summer outing at the seashore and in the mountains. This sum is for the army of employes in Washington alone, and does not include the thousands of others who are on duty and on the pay rolls in other places throughout this broad domain. Liberal lawmakers decided that ten months in a year was long enough for employes of the government to work, and that thirty days should be given for sickness and thirty days additional for annual leave to rest up from the laborious duties. This law was for the clerks and did not take in printers, pressmen, navy yard employes, but eventually these were given the annual leave.

Telegraphic Brevities.

E. W. Murray of Lawrence, Kan., has been selected as one of the winners of a Rhodes scholarship at Oxford.

Henry S. Crocker, pioneer stationer, millionaire and brother of the late Charles Crocker, the railroad magnate, died in San Francisco.

Lambert Niehaus, convicted in St. Louis of killing Thomas Pluegel on Dec. 20 last, was sentenced to hang on Sept. 6. Niehaus will appeal to the Supreme Court.

The San Francisco Bulletin says that the finest aquarium in the world is to be established in Golden Gate park by Dr. Henry Tevis as a memorial to his father, the late Lloyd Tevis.

The French Academy of Science has awarded a prize of \$1,000 to Prof. Alfred Norrinx of the University of Louvain, for the best critical review of the judicial system of the United States.

THE NEWS

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

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A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher
By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Circulation in Western Lake County, than Any Paper Published in the State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK

I shall be a candidate for re-nomination, for a second term, to the office of Circuit Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Lewis U. Brockway.

DISGRUNTLED POLITICIANS.

Circular letters containing date line of "Lake Co., Aug. 4, 1904," with the envelope postmarked from "Chicago, Austin Station," are being received here by local politicians, and signed by an alias, "John Doe, Committeeman."

This letter refers to the recent action of the Lake County Central Committee, which was indorsed by the Lake County Republican Convention held in Libertyville on the twenty-sixth day of last March.

A copy of the resolutions of said convention is now being published on the editorial page of this paper.

While the founders of the resolutions presented to that convention were acting for what they believed to be the best interests of the republican party of Lake County and while said resolutions were unanimously endorsed by the convention, many expressions of disapproval are now being heard, but the experiment is at least deserving of a fair trial at the hands of the people of the several townships.

The originators of these circular letters now being sent out, emanating, no doubt, from Waukegan, are endeavoring to carry the idea that the several offices will be passed out to the candidate who has the most "coin" to give to the County Central Committee, and that "qualifications are unnecessary, the only requirement being the price."

The letter shows that the originators are soreheads, and disgruntled politicians, who have not the manhood to sign their names to the letter, but cloak themselves under an alias and by so doing prove themselves unworthy of any consideration whatever.

The opposition presents a contrast which the President suggests in the most searching terms. The democratic appeal for confidence is based on the ground that "if triumphant they may be trusted to prove false to every principle which in the last eight years they have laid down as vital, and to leave undisturbed those very acts of the administration because of which they ask that the administration be driven from power." Their whole claim is a contradiction. This is their plea: "We have been all wrong, therefore we ought now to be treated as right; we have been unworthy of trust, therefore we ought now to be trusted; all our past promises have been broken, therefore all our present promises ought to be accepted; we will not overturn republican results, therefore the authors of those results ought to be overturned for us."

The Republican party stands for protection. It stands for the gold standard and our currency system. All these dwell in legislation enacted under the lead of the Republican party and against the most determined opposition of the democratic party, including its leader and candidate. These being our policies, and having been most useful to the country, we have confidence in and love them. If it be necessary from time to time that they should be strengthened here and controlled there, the republican party stands ready, with loving competent hands, to apply the proper remedy. I say "remedy." Being our policies, we will not willingly subject them to their enemies for slow starvation on the one hand or to sudden destruction on the other.

In the fiscal year that has just closed the excess of income over the ordinary expenditures was nine millions of dollars. This does not take account of the fifty millions expended out of the accumulated surplus for the purchase of the Isthmian Canal. It is an extraordinary proof of the sound financial condition of the nation that instead of following the usual course in such matters and throwing the burden upon posterity by an issue of bonds, we were able to make the payment outright and yet after it to have in the treasury a surplus of one hundred and sixty-one millions. Moreover, we were able to pay this fifty millions of dollars out of hand without causing the slightest disturbance to business conditions.—Theodore Roosevelt.

Bamboo Good for Scaffolding.
The French consul at Batavia recommends bamboo as a fine material for constructing builders' scaffolding. Its power of resistance is very great and it will not rot, but becomes stronger with age.

British Drink Much Beer.
The British people drink more beer than the Germans, while the Germans drink more spirits.

Man-Zan is certainly a specific for piles. This new discovery is put up in collapsible tubes, with a nozzle so that it may be applied where most needed. Stops the pain instantly and cures. Sold at Swans drug store.



A Russian Password.

"Petroff."
"Yes, lieutenant."
"The countersign for to-night is Alexanderovitchyopostovsky d r a g o vitch. Let no man pass without it."
"Yes, lieutenant. But it is a bitter cold night."
"What of that?"
"The man who gives the password is likely to freeze to death before he finishes it."
"It is for the glory of the czar, Petroff."
"Yes, lieutenant."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Narrow Escape.

Dullington (a would-be novelist)—I've just finished a new novel, Critics. If you have a little spare time I'll show you the proofs.
Critics—Oh, never mind about the proofs, old man; I'll take your word for it.

A Definition.



Mamma—Yes, Willie. Your father is going to buy this picture. He's a connoisseur. Do you know what that is?
Willie—Yep. It's a old guy what'll dig up a hundred for a dinky picture when his dear little son's sufferin' for a billy-goat an' wagon!

Rather Than Pay Rent.

Blox—Does Rover move in good society?
Knox—I don't know about the society, but I know he's always moving.

Bee's LAXATIVE Honey and Tar is different from all other cough syrups. It contains antiseptic properties to destroy the germs, solvent properties to cut the phlegm and laxative properties to cleanse the system. Bee's laxative Honey and Tar is a pleasant permanent cure for all coughs colds and lung and bronchial affections. Sold at Swan's drug store.

Colonies Pay for Defense.

Canada pays to the British government one-half the cost of the maintenance of the Imperial troops provided for her defense, while New Zealand is a party to the naval agreement of 1903, under which she pays her proportion of an annual colonial contribution of \$1,000,000 for the naval defense of herself and the Commonwealth of Australia.

The oxygenized strength of the healing pines, combined with other well known kidney and bladder remedies, is presented in Pineules. This new discovery gives immediate relief and permanently cures all kidney and bladder troubles.

Bird Killed by Golf Ball.

As a member of an English golf club drove, a wagtail was observed flying across the line of fire. The golf ball was seen to hit the bird at a distance of about forty paces from the striker. The wagtail fell at once to earth, and was found to be not only stone dead, but absolutely decapitated.

Ring's Dyspepsia Tablets instantly relieve the stomach and aid digestion. They are as pleasant as loaf sugar and cure dyspepsia, sour risings, catarrh of the stomach and indigestion. Sold at Swan's drug store.

If Bitten by Mad Dog.

If a person is bitten by a supposed mad dog let him call a physician, and in the meantime apply lemon-juice to the wound. This is the advice of Dr. Lagorio of the Pasteur Institute.

Identification of Criminals.

It is proposed by a dentist that as a farther means of identification casts should be taken of prisoners' mouths.

Hump Back

SCOTT'S EMULSION won't make a hump back straight, neither will it make a short leg long, but it feeds soft bone and heals diseased bone and is among the few genuine means of recovery in rickets and bone consumption.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c and \$1.00 all druggists.

Republican County Convention.

Pursuant to the order and direction of the Republican County Central Committee of the County of Lake and State of Illinois, a Republican County Convention will be held at the Town Hall in the Village of Libertyville, Lake County, Illinois, on the 10th day of September, 1904, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Circuit Clerk, a candidate for Coroner, a candidate for State's Attorney, and a candidate for County Surveyor.

It having been heretofore resolved that each voting precinct in the county be declared a primary district, and that a primary election or caucus be called for each of said primary districts, and the Republican legal voters of said Lake County, in their last County Convention, having passed the resolution hereinafter mentioned and recited, and said County Central Committee, pursuant to such resolution, having adopted rules to carry the same into effect, which rules are as follows:

RULE I. All Republican primaries, or caucuses, for the selection of delegates to Republican County Conventions hereafter called shall be called by the Republican County Central Committee in each and every voting precinct in said Lake County, to be held on the same day, and the hours thereof to be between two o'clock P. M. and eight o'clock P. M., and the polls thereof shall be open for at least three hours, and each County Committeeman shall see to it that such primary is fully advertised.

RULE II. All voting at such primaries or caucuses shall be by uniform ballot, which ballot shall be printed by the County Central Committee and distributed by such committee to the Republican Township Committees of the several townships, to be by such last named committee delivered to the Judges of the primaries of the several precincts of such townships, who shall be chosen by such Township Committees, wherein the same shall be delivered to voters and prepared for voting and voted the same as the Australian Ballot under the regular election laws of Illinois, and booths to be used in voting.

RULE III. Said ballots shall have printed thereon, in addition to the names of delegates, the names of all candidates for the several offices for which nominations are to be made at the convention for which delegates are to be selected, and the voter shall receive his ballot from one of the judges of the primary and shall indicate his choice of candidate by making a cross opposite the name of the candidate of his choice for each office and cast his ballot so marked the same as at an election by Australian Ballot under the regular election laws; and the candidate for any office who shall receive the highest number of votes for that office in any precinct shall have the delegation of that precinct as instructed for him and to vote for him at the County Convention for which such delegates are chosen; and the ballot shall so state such instruction.

RULE IV. Such ballot shall be in the nature of an official ballot, and shall bear the name of the Secretary of the County Central Committee printed on the back thereof, and when delivered to the voters by the primary judges they shall have the initials of the primary judge who delivers them written thereon, and in counting ballots cast, none shall be counted other than such official ballot so marked.

RULE V. Such ballot shall contain the names of but one set of delegates in each precinct, who shall be selected by the County Committeeman of each precinct for his precinct, and spaces shall be left vacant so that names of other delegates may be written in and voted for by the voter by erasing printed names and substituting written names therefor.

RULE VI. Each candidate shall register his name as such candidate with the Secretary of the County Committee immediately upon declaring his candidacy, and pay to said Secretary a fee of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) to help defray the expenses of printing and distributing such ballots.

RULE VII. The call for the County Convention shall be by thirty days notice published at least once in each week for two successive weeks, the first publication to be thirty days before the convention day, except where special elections and district convention calls render a shorter notice necessary.

RULE VIII. The judges of the several primaries shall make up credentials according to the result of the ballots cast, and shall also forthwith certify such result to the Secretary of the County Committee, and shall preserve all poll books and ballots until after the adjournment of the County Convention to which delegates are elected.

RULE IX. The County Committee shall meet to execute these rules on the call of the Chairman and Secretary thereof.

RULE X. These rules shall, of course, be subject to such changes and modification as may result from any primary election law hereafter passed by the Illinois General Assembly; and said County Committee having voted and directed that said primaries be held pursuant to said rules on September 9th, 1904. The several primary districts will therefore call their primary elections to be held in each primary district in said county on the 9th day of September, 1904, the polls of each of such primary elections to be open for at least three hours, between two o'clock P. M. and eight o'clock P. M. of said last mentioned date, the judges and clerks thereof to be appointed by the several Township Committees.

The voting at each of such primaries shall be by ballot, of the kind and in the manner provided for in and required by said rules above mentioned and set forth. The representation for each primary district in said County Convention hereby called will be one delegate for each twenty-seven votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1900. The several primary districts will thus send delegates to the said County Convention as follows:

Precinct	Primary District	Votes	Delegation
Benton	"	123	7
Newport	"	133	7
Antioch	"	394	16
Graft	"	72	4
Arvon	"	208	11
Warren	"	407	16
Waukegan 1st	"	417	16
Waukegan 2nd	"	312	12
Waukegan 3rd	"	346	13
Waukegan 4th	"	317	12
Waukegan 5th	"	216	8
Shields 1st	"	368	14
Shields 2nd	"	103	5
Libertyville	"	313	12
Fremont	"	123	7
Libertyville	"	122	7
Cuba	"	127	6
Elia	"	127	6
Vernon	"	164	6
Deerfield 1st	"	215	8
Deerfield 2nd	"	162	6
Deerfield 3rd	"	186	7
Total		5186	198

This call is made, signed and published pursuant to the vote and direction of said County Central Committee.

CHAS. WHITNEY, Chairman,
J. S. MORROW, Secretary of said Committee.



Satisfactory Reason.

"I've just been making my will. I have bequeathed everything I possess to my wife."
"Then you did it in about ten words."
"Not at all. The lawyer who drew it up for me used four sheets of paper."
"What did he charge you?"
"Five dollars."
"Then he's an honest lawyer. He wanted to make the service worth the fee."

Something Just as Good.

Dyspeptic Customer—Have you any lime water?
Drug Store Boy (rummaging among the shelves and producing bottle)—Yes, sir. Here it is.
Dyspeptic Customer (looking at the label)—But this isn't lime water at all. It's lime juice.
Drug Store Boy—Yes, sir. It's the same thing in a more concentrated form. Some people prefer it that way.

Unpardonable Offense.

Friend—Aren't you rather afraid of that handsome rival of yours?
Smartchap—Not a bit.
"He is very rich."
"Yes."
"A great favorite with the ladies."
"I know it."
"Yet you have no fear?"
"No. He guessed at her age once and got her only two years younger than she is."—New York Weekly.

Water Cure.

"Among other things," remarked the temperance man, "I consider water a good sleep producer."
"And so do I," replied the suburbanite. "I empty a pitcher each evening before retiring and then I sleep like a top."
"And you really drink a pitcher of water?"
"No; I empty it on the dog that howls under my window."

Always Something Wrong.
Clerk—Please, sir, can I have a week's vacation?
Employer—What's wrong with you now?
Clerk—I'm going to get married.
Employer—Now, you were away a week with influenza, and ten days with a sprained ankle. I declare there's always something wrong with you, Jones.—Stray Stories.

The Restive Auto.

"See the red automobile standing in front of that house, pop?"
"Yes, I see it, my son."
"What makes it jump so, pop?"
"It is restive, my boy."
"What makes it restive, pop?"
"Oh, I suppose it sees some people crossing the street a block or two ahead."

They Stand Pat.

"Anyway," said the Philadelphia man, "our ball players are no cowards."
"Oh, they're not, eh?" sneered the rude New Yorker.
"No, sir," replied the quaker. "You can't make 'em run."

Economics.

"But," expostulated Jones, "if you'd only pay me what you owe me I could pay Smith what I owe him."
"I know it," said Robinson. "But Smith wouldn't pay me what he owes me. You and I would merely impoverish ourselves to enrich Smith."—Town Topics.

Too Thin.

"He's nothing but a hypocrite. Isn't it disgusting for a man to use his religion as a cloak?"
"Yes, and what's more it's foolish, for religion such as his is necessarily so flimsy that he's liable to catch cold in it."

One Thing Certain.



"Has your lawyer got money?"
"He's got all of mine."

Playing the Limit.

"Say, did you ever take on booze till you saw snakes?" asked Fuzzy Fred.
"Wors'n dat," replied Guzzling Gus. "Once I got to de stage where I seen woodsnakes floatin' in de air fer tree days."

Wide Awake.

Cittman—Are you afraid of burglars since you lost your dog?
Subbubs—Not at all. We've got a new baby at our house, you know.

William Keulman,

Dealer in

WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY

The Largest, Latest and Best Assortment Ever Shown.

An elegant line of Belt Buckles, Fob and Vest Chains, Collar and Bead Neck Chain, Automobile Hat-Cuff Buttons, Waist Sets, Fountain pens, Plain Rings, Diamond and all other set ring always on hand. In all the latest designs.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

Baldwin Pianos are preferred by all leading artists. They have the largest display at the World's Fair. Their quality will please you, and the prices are an inducement to purchase. Tuning and Repairing done by an expert. Orders left here receive prompt attention.

Spectacles and Eyeglasses of all descriptions on hand. Eyes Tested Free.

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Licensed Embalmer
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I saw the towering clouds take fire
From the low sun, and thought them
blest;
They neared the land of my desire,
The splendid West.

Spring laughed in breaking bud, clean
air,
In skies that took the tone of rest;
I saw, yet found them not so fair
As in my West.

Night grew, a breathing silence fell,
And peace, pure peace, was manifest;
Yet loved I not quiet peace so well
As in my West.

What balm, then, for this ancient pain,
This torture of the baffled quest?
Only to take the same dear road again
That reaches West.

—London Outlook.

Training of Japanese Wrestlers.

In the place of training to remove superfluous flesh, as do the athletes of other lands, the wrestlers of Japan eat to put it on. Great size and weight do not appear to interfere with their agility. Instead it is one of the principal means of overcoming an adversary.

Bee's LAXATIVE Honey and Tar is the original laxative cough cure. It is the best laxative cough syrup made. Bee's laxative honey and tar contains the antiseptic, healing, soothing and strengthening properties of the native pine combined with other ingredients in a laxative syrup made from the pure strained honey. Cures all coughs and strengthens weak lungs. Sold at Swans drug store.

The Imported French Coach Stallion
Mathieu-Laensberg, 1695.



Bay Brown, left hind coronet white and touch of white on right hind heel; foaled June 25, 1890; bred by M. Gamare, of Caen, department of Calvados, France; sired by the Government Stallion Hottentot, dam, Mancelotte by Ignorant out of a daughter of Kapriort.

Will make the season of 1904 at the barn of
W. S. RINEAR,
Antioch, Ill.
TERMS — TO INSURE, \$15.00.

ROBERT WILKES

2:09 3-4
(HALF-MILE TRACK),
by Idol Wilkes 512

(by George Wilkes), Dam by Son of imp. Lexington, will from now on serve at Henry Herman's barn at Antioch, Ill., at a fee of \$20.00 to insure live colt. This horse is too well known to need further mention here. For further particulars call on or address

Henry Herman,
Antioch, Illinois.

JOHN J. McDOUGALL,

Veterinary Surgeon

Antioch, Illinois.
Cattle Castrated at the old time price of \$1.00 each.

J. C. James, Jr.,

Justice of the Peace.
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PRUDENTIAL LIFE INSURANCE CO

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has Money To Loan
on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire
129 **BANK OF ANTIOCH.**

R. W. Churchill,
Attorney-at-Law
Grayslake, Ill.

ADJOINING TOWNS

From our Staff
of Antioch
Correspondents.

LAKE VILLA, ILL.

Mr. Joe Edmunds spent Sunday in Zion City.

Mrs. Donnelly, of Sand Lake, entertained company over Sunday.

Horace Nelson came home to spend Sunday with his parents.

Miss Lydia Edwards, of Libertyville, is visiting Mrs. Clemmens.

Mr. Fay Hamilton was seen in Lake Villa Sunday.

Mr. R. Sherwood was in Gurnee Monday evening.

Mr. Cordingly and Mr. Miller, of Camp Monroe spent Tuesday in Chicago.

Mrs. R. Sherwood was in Chicago Wednesday.

Capt. Bradley, of Allendale, and Ralph McGain spent last Sunday in Waukegan.

Mr. and Mrs. Pepper came out Saturday to visit their sister Miss Class.

Mr. and Mrs. Rae and family have been entertaining their guest Mr. Thacker.

Miss Rae Farber, of Chicago, is visiting her sister Mrs. Ben. Schram.

Miss Bessie Daymont is visiting Miss Hattie Miller.

Miss Martha Richards was home Sunday.

Mr. Otis Smith, of Ivanhoe, is the guest of Nettie King.

Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Daniels and family spent Sunday in Milwaukee.

Mrs. Fair, of McHenry, is visiting her sister Mrs. Ben Hamlin.

Mrs. Joe Prester entertained relatives from Libertyville.

Rev. Lee and family have been entertaining two young men from the city.

Miss Bessie Daymont is visiting Miss Hattie Miller.

Miss Martha Richards spent Sunday at home.

Mr. Otis Smith of Ivanhoe is the guest of Miss Nettie King.

Miss Florence Watson is entertaining Miss Nevers, of Burlington, for a few days.

Mrs. C. G. Nelson and Mrs. James Kerr were in Grayslake last week.

L. W. Rowling was a Chicago visitor Wednesday.

Miss Florence Watson and Miss Nevers spent Tuesday in Millburn.

Miss Strous of Waukegan visited Miss Helen MacLean last week.

Mrs. R. A. Douglas has been spending a few days with her parents.

Mrs. M. S. Miller spent the past week in Chicago.

Mrs. Gilmore of Grayslake visited her sister Mrs. H. Nelson last week.

For Sale—A Cottage on north shore of Cedar Lake for sale cheap.

—James & Johnson, Antioch, Ill.

A hayrack load of young people from our town and Long Lake, had a picnic at Grass Lake last week.

Miss Lillie McMahon and her cousin Miss Margaret Rely spent a few days last week visiting friends here.

Mrs. Shepherd of Gurnee addressed the Sunday School last Sunday on the subject of "Temperance."

The Ladies Aid Society will hold their Bazaar. All come and patronize the Ladies Aid.

All those wishing to contribute articles for the Bazaar will please leave same with Mrs. James Kerr.

Mr. Frank Sherwood and Mr. Arthur Gullage are "doing" the St. Louis Fair this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Westlake and children have been spending a few days at Camp Lake.

Miss Helen MacLean entertained a few friends last Thursday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Amy Hannington.

Epworth League topic for Sunday, Aug. 14: "Obeying Where Obedience is Hard". Gen. XXII, 10-12; Luke XII, 1-7. Leader Mrs. H. Rowling.

Mrs. Kerr has been visiting in Burlington and while there her little daughter Helen had the misfortune to break her arm.

Mrs. L. M. Cribb, will entertain the Angola Cemetery society at her home in Antioch on Tuesday afternoon, Aug. 16. Visitors invited.

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Mrs. H. J. Wheelock is visiting relatives at Beloit, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson of Zenda, have been visiting relatives here.

Mrs. E. B. Sherman spent the past week with friends at Wheeling and Deerfield.

Mrs. McMann of Chicago, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Frazier.

G. E. Strang has begun excavating for his new store building.

Mr. and Mrs. Keith entertained friends from Elmwood and Chicago over Sunday.

Mrs. Sanburn of Genoa, Ill., spent Tuesday with her brother, S. L. Carfield and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Mead of Oak Park, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. G. White on Tuesday.

The youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Frazier has been very sick but is now on the grain.

Miss Fenlon and friend of Ravenswood were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Harvey over Sunday.

The three Fisher brothers of Wheaton have been camping on the west side of the lake.

Willis McMillen and family returned here over Sunday from Waverly, Iowa, and will reside here.

W. B. Parker has bought the residence occupied by Mr. Lewis and family of P. A. Robinson and will move into it next spring.

Rev. T. A. Stephens and family are at Round Lake camping for a week with the Sunday school cadets.

Clint Hendee, who has been ill for some time, was taken to the Lakeside hospital where he underwent an operation for appendicitis on Saturday and is doing nicely.

At the Congregational church on Monday evening, Aug. 15, will be given a Midget or Tom Thumb wedding, also recitations and songs by the little tots to which you are invited. Admission 15c.

Announcements are out for the marriage of Mr. Paul Blanchard Fisher of Wheaton and Miss Caroline Robinson, eldest daughter of P. A. Robinson of this place, to take place at the home of Mr. Fisher's parents at Wheaton on August 16. This is to be a triple wedding, Miss Fisher and a young lady cousin being married at the same time. They will go to Batavia, California, where Mr. Fisher will practice law. Mr. Fisher was a former principal in our school here and is a young man of sterling qualities. Miss Robinson was superintendent of the Congregational Sunday school where all had learned to love her. She will be greatly missed both in the Sabbath school and church work and the best wishes of their many friends go with them.

TREVOR, WIS.

Mr. Pierce and family have returned to their home in St. Paul.

Mrs. Rolfe and sons are visiting her parents in Mukwonago.

Mrs. Price and daughter, of Chicago, are visiting at Mrs. Pitches.

If you want to buy or sell a farm call or write James & Johnson, Antioch, Ill.

Mildred Lubano, of Salem, spent last week with May Beasley.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Collier, of Gibson City, Ill., are spending their honeymoon visiting their cousins, the Patrick families.

The Liberty Cemetery Helpers meet at the home of Mrs. Palmatier Tuesday, Aug. 16. A good attendance is desired.

Mr. and Mrs. Matthews are rejoicing over the birth of a daughter, August 12, 1904.

CHANNEL, ILL.

Martin Walsh and wife are at Paddock's.

A. Shannon and family, of Chicago, are visiting his brother, E. E. Shannon.

The following are sojourning at the Chicago Sportsmen Club: Wm. H. Braman, John P. Stiles, John Haeden, James Bardell, Geo. Fromm, Dr. McGrath, Master Warren Braman.

Those at Woodbine cottage from Oak Park are: J. E. Worswick and wife, D. W. Worswick and wife, J. H. Worswick and family, W. N. Kettlestrings and wife, O. Hatcher.

FALL TERM

Kenosha College of Commerce

Begins Sept. 6th

Business, Shorthand and Preparatory Courses

12th Year.

Elegant Catalogue for the asking

OTIS L. TRENARY, Principal

BRISTOL, WIS.

Will Murdoch, wife and family visited at the home of C. H. Murdoch on Monday.

Lewis Weed, of Arizona, is spending a few days with his many Bristol friends.

Dr. Stevens, who has been sick for a few days, is able to be out again.

For Northern Wisconsin, Michigan or Dakota Lands call on James & Johnson, Antioch, Ill.

Chas. Sanborn, of Racine, spent a few days with his aunt Miss Eliza Cotting, of the village.

Dr. R. B. Rice and family are visiting with their old friends and relatives here. Dr. Rice is located at Mt. Carroll, Ill.

J. Z. Collier, of Union Grove, was a Bristol visitor last Monday. Mr. Collier is interested in a land excursion that leaves soon for Roswell, New Mexico.

Mr. Frank Murphy spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. F. E. Stevens. Mr. Murphy is a well known capitalist of Phoenix, Arizona.

Delbert Leann, the Impersonator, entertained a fair sized house at the church on Wednesday evening. This is the second time Mr. Leann has made an appearance before Bristol people.

The Bristol teachers are planning to attend the coming summer school at the Kenosha College of Commerce. The instructors are well known educationally, and the teachers are looking forward to a session full of new ideas. Supt. Taylor has the school in charge.

This (Friday) evening, the Trip Around the World will claim the attention of the Bristolites. These several houses, viz: Japan, Turkey, Germany, Ireland and the United States will all come in for their share of attention. The transportation company have made arrangements for the transporting of the guests from one country to the other and a small admission fee will be charged to see each country. Refreshments are to be served and this novel entertainment will doubtless be largely attended. Come and visit these foreign countries and then visit the best of all—the United States.

The serenade given Mr. and Mrs. St. Clair will long be remembered by everyone who lived within the radius of three or four miles of the village. Never in the history of the village has pandemonium held such complete sway over the village. The Rough Riders of Kenosha, whose hilarious night here is well remembered, will now sink into oblivion and the serenade will be remembered as the noisiest celebration that ever took place here. Hardly had the ceremony been performed, when about a hundred voices accompanied by the wailing of tin horns, the beating of old tin pans, the ringing of sleigh bells and cow bells broke out on the hitherto quiet scene and from that time until the serenaders were informed that ice cream and cake were awaiting them, did they let up for an instant. As soon as refreshments were served them, they sounded taps and retired, leaving their tin pans and other instruments of like nature, to adorn the road and lawn. The wedding was largely attended and the decorations, which were elegant because of their naturalness, were commented upon by all.

Pinealve acts like a poultice. There is no sore, boil or abrasion of the skin. Pinealve will not cure. Pinealve draws the fire out of a burn instantly and heals with out leaving a scar. Sold at Swans drug store.

Hood's Narrow Escape.

How near the ridiculous may come to the sublime would have been aptly illustrated, if tradition speaks true as to the title which Hood first devised for the poem by which he is best known. He is said to have called it "The Tale of a Shirt."

Foils Umbrella Stealers.

A Parisian who has been much annoyed by duns has connected his bell handle with a powerful electric battery and switches on the current at psychological moments. So far the police have declined to interfere.

Argerian Footwear.

Leather shoes are seldom worn in Algeria by the natives of Arabian descent. Their footwear consists of pieces of camel's hide bound on the feet with thongs, or of sandals of braided twine.

We are agents for the famous little liver pills recently discovered by the venerable Dr. Dade of Chicago. Persons who have used Dade's pills will have no other. They cure constipation. Sold at Swans drug store.

Work for a God.

To make some nook of creation a little fruit-fuller, better; to make some human hearts a little wiser, manfuller, happier, more blessed, less accursed! It is work for a god.—Carlyle.

Wise Words From Seneca.

If the mind be evil, it makes everything else so, too; but if it be right and since it corrects what is wrong, and mollifies what is hard, with modesty and courage.—Seneca.

VEGETABLE SICILIAN HALL'S Hair Renewer

Renews the hair, makes it new again, restores the freshness. Just what you need if your hair is faded or turning gray, for it always restores the color. Stops falling hair, also.

**...We Challenge the World...
to BEAT our BULK COFFEE for 20 and 25 cents.**

WE are selling the "Selz" Shoes at exceptionally Low Prices.

WE receive Fresh Fruits and Vegetables Daily.

THIS is the Day to Buy a Hammock and a Lawn Mower.

SELECT your Summer Wear Today while the Assortments are Good.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS

ANTIOCH DEPARTMENT STORE



MRS. CECILIA STOWE,
Orator, Entre Nous Club.

178 Warren Avenue,
CHICAGO, ILL., Oct. 22, 1902.

For nearly four years I suffered from ovarian troubles. The doctor insisted on an operation as the only way to get well. I, however, strongly objected to an operation. My husband felt disheartened as well as I, for home with a sick woman is a disconsolate place at best. A friendly druggist advised him to get a bottle of Wine of Cardui for me to try, and he did so. I began to improve in a few days and my recovery was very rapid. Within eighteen weeks I was another being.

Cecelia Stowe

Mrs. Stowe's letter shows every woman how a home is saddened by female weakness and how completely Wine of Cardui cures that sickness and brings health and happiness again. Do not go on suffering. Go to your druggist today and secure a \$1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui.

WINE OF CARDUI

BEE'S Laxative HONEY AND TAR

An improvement over all Cough, Lung and Bronchial Remedies. Cures Coughs, Strengthens the Lungs and Gently Moves the Bowels. Pleasant to the taste and good alike for Young and Old.

PREPARED BY
Pineale Medicine Co., Chicago, U. S. A.
Sold at Swan's Drug Store.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery**

FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLD

Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial.

Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

I DON'T KEEP FURNITURE

I sell it. Why? Because I give you better goods for less money. And I still have a few bargains in Shoes left from the Hegeman stock at 25 cents on the dollar.

L. B. GRICE, ANTIOCH, ILL.

BINDING TWINE

A. N. Tiffany & Company

Union Block, Antioch, Ill.

BARGAINS

In Missouri, Indian Territory, Oklahoma or Texas
DEEDED ** LANDS

with Perfect Title, in Tracts to Suit, 80 Acres Up, Lands that Grow Wheat, Corn, Oats, Cotton and all kinds of Fruit and Vegetables.

Prices Range From \$8 To \$20 Per Acre.

Will double in value in short time.

For Information Address or Call on **Geo. E. Webb,** Frisco System Immigration Agent,
ANTIOCH, * * * ILLINOIS

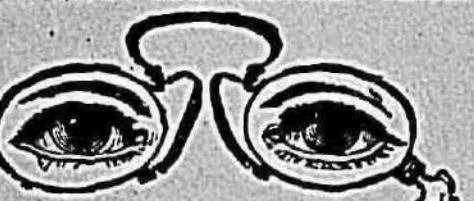
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DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores.
Dec 17/01 71

The Sea Scourge

CHAPTER I.

It was a cold, wet day in autumn, and the sun, which had not been seen since morning, was sending its western home of rest. Upon the road from Cambridge to Boston walked a man and two children. The former was young—not over six-and-twenty—and habited in the garb of a seaman. He was short in stature, and broad and heavy in his build, with a face of a bronzed hue, upon which was stamped much intelligence and wit. A careful observer would have seen the index to a quick, passionate disposition in that face, and from the dark, somber smile that sometimes played upon it, he would have also concluded that its possessor was not burdened with conscientious scruples where his own purposes were at stake. Upon his shoulder he carried a small bundle, and upon one corner of the handkerchief which served for a portmanteau was printed in small, black letters the name "Marl Laroon."

The children were a boy and a girl. The boy could not have been over five years old, and he showed signs of excessive fatigue. He was a bright-looking little fellow, and possessed much physical beauty. The girl was younger still, and as she walked wearily along beside her conductor, the tears ever and anon started from her large blue eyes. Her garb was plain and homely in the extreme, but her other appearance did not at all correspond with it. Her face was very pale and delicate, her hair long and glossy, and betrayed much previous care and dressing, while her hands gave no token of acquaintance with dirt. The boy had shed some tears, for the traces of them were still to be seen upon his plump cheeks; but he shed none now, for he had received a blow for crying.

"You're tired, aren't you?" said the man, addressing the boy.

"Yes, sir," returned the lad, looking up and shuddering as he met the gaze of his conductor.

"Well, never mind; we're only three miles farther to go before we reach the Cross-Hands Inn. You'll be glad to get there, won't you?"

"Yes, sir."

The words were spoken timidly, and with evident reluctance.

"And when you do get there, you'll remember your child, won't you?"

"But you aren't my father. Please don't make me say so."

"You'd rather be whipped, eh?"

"No, no!" shrieked the boy, and as he did so the little girl sprang forward and threw her arms about his neck, and burst into a passionate fit of weeping. Marl Laroon removed the girl with a strong grip, and then looking the boy in the eye, he said:

"I am your father, and you must know it and say so. Where do you think your father is?"

"He's dead, sir," sobbed the poor child. "Mr. Humphrey told me so."

"He told you a lie, then. I left you with him two years ago, and you are my boy. I was going away, and he said he would take care of you till I came back. So when I came back I took you. Perhaps he thought I was dead, though. Very likely he did. Now just remember this, and if anybody asks your name, tell 'em 'tis Paul Laroon. Mind, now. I don't think you want me to kill you, but I shall if you don't speak just as I have told you."

The little fellow's lips trembled, and he would have burst into tears, but the look of his master prevented him.

"Mary," spoke Laroon, very kindly, "you are tired, aren't you?"

"Yes, sir," lisped the child.

"Say, 'Yes, uncle.'"

"Yes, uncle," repeated she, as nearly as she could.

"Mary is your cousin, Paul. And now, my little Mary, you shall ride in my arms a while; and perhaps I will carry Paul, by and by, if he gets very tired."

So saying, the stout sailor lifted the tiny form of the girl into his arms. It was fairly dark when they reached a little village, where stood the Cross-Hands Inn, at which place they stopped. Laroon calling the landlord out, ordered a room provided with two beds in it, and thither he took his little charges. As it was too cold to sit up, Laroon brought the children up their supper, and as soon as they had eaten it, he helped them to bed, remarking as he did so that he was going down below a while, and that they must be sure and make no noise.

When they were safely tucked up in their nest, he gathered up the few dishes and left the chamber, being careful to lock the door after him and take away the key.

It was quite late when Laroon came up, and having assured himself that the children slept, he proceeded to undress and go into the other bed, and having done so, he lay down, and ere long his heavy, disordered breathing mingled harshly with the gentle breathings of those who occupied the other couch.

Away off in a distant part of the State there was alarm and anguish. A man, frantic and delirious, was calling aloud for his child—for his children—and calling in vain. Lanterns and torches were flashing in every nook and corner where children had been wont to play, but no children were to be found. The streets were sounded and dragged, and the woods and hedges were scoured all through, but the lost ones came not. At midnight the man was upon his knees, crying aloud for his children; but his frantic prayer was in vain.

CHAPTER II.

Again, and it was a bright, calm day in summer. Upon the bosom of the broad Pacific, about the latitude of Manila, but some three hundred miles to the eastward thereof, rested one of the most beautiful specimens of marine architecture that ever met the gaze of an enraptured seaman. It was a full-rigged brig, with royal set, and studding sails upon both sides, of about two hundred tons burden.

The deck was as white as pure wood can be made. The disposition of the rigging showed that there was a rule for every department, even to the arrangement of the smallest item, while the arrangement itself proved that the whole was under the supervision of some master mind. There were eleven guns, and all of brass, ten of which were upon the sides, while the eleventh was much longer, and fixed upon a pivot and rail-

way amidships. These guns were now covered with neatly fitting tarpaulins, and secured inboard, the ports being snugly closed.

There were seventy-seven men on board, and they all belonged to her; and though the reader may have already guessed the character of the craft, yet the crew were not of that appearance which we are generally led to look for in such a place. They were as neat and orderly in their behavior as the crew of any man-of-war.

Such was the Scourge, a name by which the brig and its commander were known, not only by the crew, but by many others who had occasion to prove the aptness of the name.

Near the wheel, with a glass under his arm, stood a man whose dress showed him to be the captain of the brig. He was short in stature, but very thick and broad, exhibiting much physical power of strength and endurance. His features were by no means repulsive; nor were they processing; but gave evidence of a keen, penetrating judgment, a quick, ready wit, and an untrammelled will. He was not far from forty years of age, and his name was Marl Laroon. The reader has seen him before—long years ago—on one of the highways of New England.

Close by the captain stood another, who is not wholly a stranger, though he retains nothing by which we might know him save his name. He is a youth, not over nineteen years of age, and possessing nothing in his outward appearance that could indicate his membership with such a crew. But he is a member, and has been for years. He is tall and straight, with features of more than ordinary beauty, and showing by every external look and action a noble, generous soul. He is called Paul Laroon.

Not far off stand three more persons conversing together. The tallest of the three—with the black hair and eyes, and the thin, satanic-looking lips, is John Langley, the first lieutenant. He is not five-and-thirty. The next, who is of medium size and only peculiar on account of the light flaxen hair, and large, yellowish eyes, is sometimes have a pure green shade, is Philip Storms, the second lieutenant. The third is a short, stumpy man, broad and heavy in his build, with clouded brows. His head is large, and covered with coarse gray hair, and his eyes are quick and keen. He is the oldest man on board, being in the neighborhood of sixty years of age, and is the gunner of the brig. His name is Ben Morton. The men look to their captain for orders, and when he is cool and assured they are the same; but when the pinch comes, and a few well-directed shots can help the rest of a scrape, all eyes are turned to old Ben Morton, for well do they know that he alone can handle that long gun with a sure skill.

"Paul," spoke the captain, turning to his youthful companion, "we shall reach our retreat ere long. Were you not thinking of the same thing?"

There was a strange tinge of irony on Laroon's face, and a bitterness in these last words, and the dark-eyed man gazed into the other's eyes as he spoke.

"I was thinking of reaching the shore once more," answered the youth in low, but steady tones.

"But weren't you thinking of any particular point on shore, eh? And perhaps you were thinking of some particular person you would like to see?"

"I was thinking of a variety of things," answered Paul; "but I know of nothing particular that was uppermost."

"How would you like to see our little Mary?" asked the captain, speaking very low—almost in a whisper—and eying his companion sharply.

The youth started with a quick emotion, and for an instant his eyes dropped; but he collected himself as quickly as before, and then looking up again into the other's face, he replied:

"Of course," responded Laroon. "It's natural you should. And thus speaking he started toward the gangway, where some of the men were weaving a mat. Paul watched him as he walked away, and a troubled expression came upon his face.

"What does he mean?" said he to himself. And after some moments of thought, he mentally added, "only to tell me that's all."

Shortly after this the boatswain piped to dinner. Paul quivered in the cabin and was the surgeon of the brig. Some years before there had been an old man on board, who had served in that capacity, and as he grew aged and feeble he wished to spend the evening of his life on shore. Laroon granted his request on condition that he would procure a good surgeon to take his place. Paul had already gained much experience in his new profession, and at the present time he had been two years in charge of the sick.

Dinner was eaten, and when the captain returned to the deck he found that the breeze had freshened. He was standing by the binnacle watching the compass, when the lookout at the cross-trees reported a sail. In an instant all was life and bustle on board the brig, and the captain sprang for his glass and hastened forward.

"Fore-topgallant-mast, there! Where away?"

"Three points on the starboard bow. Keep your eye on her. Here, Storms, lay aloft with the glass and help the lookout."

The second lieutenant took the glass and went aloft, and then the captain returned to the wheel, where Paul was standing by the side of the helmsman.

"Well, Paul, what do you think has turned up now?" said he.

"Perhaps a merchantman," replied the youth, with a shudder.

"Mayhap it is, and mayhap it isn't. We are in the latitude of such craft; but there's another kind of chap cruising about these waters."

"A Russian cruiser, you mean?"

"Yes. How would you like to meet one?"

"It would not be the first one," replied the youth, without the least show of discomposure.

"That is true; but we might not reach

Silver Bay. How would you like that?" A quick shudder ran through Paul's frame, but there was more of indignation in his look than of fear, and at the end of a single moment he replied, with a half-sarcastic smile:

"We'll think of Silver Bay after we have made ourselves sure of reaching it."

"Well spoken, my son," cried the captain; and then he turned away.

"Son!" whispered the youth to himself, as he watched the movements of the dark man. "I do not believe that man is my father! I never believed it. His blood never flowed in these veins. But whose blood does flow there?"

At this question Paul always stopped. He asked it of himself very often, but no answer ever came.

"Hallo!" at this moment came from the second mate, who was standing aloft with his glass. "It's a square-rigged craft, and standing towards us."

For fifteen minutes the captain paced the quarter deck in silence, and at the end of that time Mr. Storms reported that the strange sail was a ship, and to all appearances a man-of-war.

"Very well," returned Laroon, perfectly calm. "We'll find out her mettle before we show our stern. Ben!"

The old gunner moved quickly forward and touched his hat.

"You had better get old Saladin in order, and bring up some of your pills."

The long gun had been christened by the name of the renowned Saracenic sultan, and ever long it was directed at the unknown vessel, the shells by its side were filled. The gun was loaded, and the ball driven snugly home, and then Ben Morton sat down upon the rail and waited further orders. At the end of half an hour the second lieutenant came down and reported that the stranger was a Russian sloop-of-war.

"Stand by to take in the starboard and starboard," ordered the captain. "We will choose our own course and run as fast as we can, and if the fellow wants to overhail us he may make the trial."

The starboard studding-sails were soon in, and ere long the brig was heading due west, the very course she must take to reach her destination, though Laroon had meant to stop at Manila, if it came perfectly convenient.

It was now about half-past one, and the ship's lower masts could be seen from the brig's deck, while the lookout at the cross-trees, who had the lieutenant's glass, could see her deck. He reported that she was a second-class corvette.

As soon as the men learned the character of the craft that was probably giving them chase, they smiled at each other with knowing nods and winks, for they felt sure that old Ben would cripple her before she could come near enough to do any harm.

When the brig had changed her course it was noticed that the ship did the same, thereby clearly indicating that she meant to give chase. Had the pirate chosen to run to the southward she might easily have escaped, for she was evidently the best sailer, but she meant to do no such thing. This would put her back from her destination, and Marl Laroon had reasons for wishing to reach that point as soon as convenient. At length a curl of smoke was seen to rise from the ship's deck, and in an instant more came the report of a gun.

"That means for us to show our bunting," said Langley.

"Yes," responded the captain, "and up it goes. They shall see that we are not ashamed or afraid to show our colors."

In a few minutes more a small, compact ball arose to the main peak, and as soon as it was at its place the knot was drawn and the flag fluttered in the breeze. It was simply a field of black, with a pair of crossed swords in white relief. As soon as this piece of impertinence was perpetrated, the ship fired another gun, and this time she seemed to have fired a shot, for something fell in the water about midway between the two vessels. But the brig kept on without paying any attention to this polite request.

The vessels were not now far from a mile apart. The brig, as we have before remarked, was heading due west. The sloop-of-war was now nearly abreast, and heading about southwest, so that she would come within earshot of the range if she kept on in that way, even allowing that the brig sailed faster.

(To be continued.)

Phelim Casey was engaged on the ridge-pole of Squire Pond's house when he lost his footing and slid down to the edge of the roof. His legs went down, but he clutched the eaves-trough and hung on for dear life.

"That's right, Phelim!" called the squire, who had seen him slip. "You hang on a minute till I can get a ladder up there!"

But even as he spoke Phelim relaxed his hold and dropped to the ground.

As soon as the squire made sure that no bones were broken, and that Phelim was simply bruised here and there and shaken up, he began to berate the man in vigorous language.

"Why in the world didn't you hang on, as I told you to, you great stupid?" he demanded. "I'd have been there in a minute."

"Maybe you wud," said Phelim, sullenly, "but how did I know but the eaves would give way before you got there?"

A Young Legislator.

Jennie's mother was expecting company, but just before train time, says What to Eat, a telegram arrived which read, "Missed train. Will start same time to-morrow."

Jennie rushed from school expecting to see the guest, but instead was shown the message. After reading it laboriously, and carefully through, she exclaimed:

"Why, mamma, if she starts at the same time to-morrow, she will miss the train again!"

In Love and War.

"I notice," said the young man, "that soldiers speak of battles as engagements, but all engagements are not battles."

"No," replied Henpeck, "but most marriages are"—Philadelphia Press.

To err is human and the ability to hide it is divine.

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

ASYLUM WINS AN O. K.

State Board Declares Elgin Allegations of Cruelty Are Baseless.

After examining fifty employees of the Northern Hospital for the Insane in Elgin, the State board of charities, represented by a majority of its members, voted that the charges of abuse and cruelty preferred by the Elgin Trades Council in its letter to Gov. Yates were utterly baseless. The board is charged, however, with not giving the members of the Trades Council, who had made affidavit to special cases of cruelty, proper opportunity to appear. The board had what made an investigation among the employees of the asylum to discover if any attendant, nurse, physician or other official, had committed any of the brutal deeds set forth in the accusing documents, and each of the witnesses asserted there could be no possible premises upon which to build the tales of inhumanity. The board members took up the individual cases in secret session, and sought from attendants, and nurses in particular, information that would be incriminating. The result was a complete exonerated of the official regime of Dr. Frank S. Whitman, the superintendent of the asylum, and of his subordinate officials.

ROMANCE LEADS TO WEDDING.

School Days' Wooing of St. Louis Pastor and Chicago Girl Ends Happily.

After a courtship which extended over twenty-five years, Rev. C. W. Weddell, pastor of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in St. Louis, has married Miss Mary T. Byrum of Chicago, his childhood sweetheart. The ceremony took place in Chicago in the boyhood days of Dr. Weddell and Miss Byrum attended the same country school at Shelby, Mo. Dr. Weddell was then only 10 years old and his future wife was a few years his junior, but age was no barrier to their love-making. Both agreed that, come what might, they would marry when they attained their majority. Some years later Miss Byrum moved from the Missouri town to Chicago, but kept up a correspondence with her school day sweetheart. Dr. Weddell was ordained five years ago. During the first two years of his ministry he was in charge of the Methodist Church at Maryville, Mo. Three years ago he was sent to St. Paul's Church, where he has met with great success.

DRAINAGE REPORT IS MADE.

State Board of Health Finds That the Canal is a Benefit.

The State board of health has made public the third and final report of its investigations of the waters of the Illinois, the Mississippi and the Missouri rivers regarding their condition before and after the Chicago drainage canal was opened. The last report shows that the water supply of St. Louis is taken from the Mississippi river, the Illinois river is much purer than the Missouri river; that the increased flow of Lake Michigan water in addition to sewage coming through the drainage canal has improved the quality of the water of the Des Moines and Illinois rivers, and that the contamination of the Illinois river through farm, village and city drainages is probably greater than from the drainage canal under present conditions.

INSANITY STRUPE'S PLEA.

Only Hope to Escape Gibbet for Killing Alice Henniger.

If Frederick Strube proves he was insane when he beat out Alice Henniger's brains he may escape hanging. This is his only hope to escape a death sentence at his trial in the Mason County Circuit Court. The State's case is complete, embracing as it does the confession of the murderer, and the counsel for the defense will not attempt to combat the facts, but will rely on an insanity plea to save his client from the gallows. Strube is pale and haggard as a result of his nearly nine months' confinement in the Mason County jail. No one but his family has been permitted to see him. He shunned other prisoners and spent the time by himself. When visitors came to the jail he invariably went to the far end of a corridor and turned his back.

COST OF ILLINOIS CHARITIES.

Report of the State Board for the Quarter Ending June 30.

The State board of charities reports the per capita cost of maintaining the inmates of the State charitable institutions for the quarter ended June 30 as follows:

Elgin Insane Hospital	\$20.41
Kankakee Insane Hospital	41.83
Madison Insane Hospital	37.50
Angi Insane Hospital	37.50
Waggoner Insane Hospital	34.48
Asylum for Feeble-minded	31.79
Asylum for Deaf and Dumb	51.35
Blind School	57.79
Industrial Home for the Blind	43.55
Asylum for Feeble-minded	32.02
Soldiers and Sailors' Home	28.79
Soldiers' Home	22.05
Soldiers' Widows' Home	22.05
Eye and Ear Infirmary	52.22
Training School for Girls	41.13

ENDS HIS LIFE WHILE GRIEVING

Loss of Only Child Causes W. H. Miller to Bring Himself.

Under unusual circumstances, W. H. Miller, a telegraph operator from Joliet, hanged himself in the woods adjoining the State penitentiary. He had received news of the death of his only child in Erie, and, meeting a child near his boarding house who he said resembled his own, was overcome by grief. Miller's wife is at his home in Erie.

YOUNG BANK CLERK DROWNED.

Frank Rennis Knocked Overboard While Sailing in Lake Near Antioch.

Frank Rennis, aged 22, a bank clerk of Blue Island, was drowned at Petite Lake, near Antioch, by being knocked into the water by the mast of a sailboat. Rennis' companion was handling the sail. Rennis sank before he could be rescued. The body was recovered.

Estate News in Brief.

Ray Anderson, 15, Mount Pleasant, accidentally shot and killed Cecil Ryan, 10.

Charles Timmons Hallock has been appointed a member of the State Board of Equalization.

The Clinton County normal institute closed its session at Carlyle. One hundred teachers were in attendance.

Lockjaw, resulting from injuries received on July 4, has caused the death of James Tate, a resident of Yorkville.

Judge W. T. Irwin and Mrs. Harry House were married in Peoria. The bride formerly was Ida Rippley of St. Louis.

While lying at Lake street bridge, Chicago, the city tug John P. Hopkins was sunk by a scow, which also went to the bottom.

President Harper of the University of Chicago has completed a new translation of the book of Amos, from the original Hebrew.

Governor's day at Camp Lincoln, Springfield, attracted a large crowd of visitors for the Sixth regiment, Illinois National Guard.

Elmer Lodge, Peoria, has been closed for three months in response to the decision of the Grand Lodge, for conducting a street fair.

A 4-year-old girl, Irene O'Shea, was killed by a Twenty-sixth street electric car while playing near her home, 2642 Forty-first court, Chicago.

In a fight over a crap game on the fair grounds at Champaign, Grant Bennett shot Seth Hays (twice) and killed him. Both were colored. Bennett escaped.

Frightened at seeing his playmate drown in the river, Joseph Kausac of Chicago did not say anything for three days regarding the death of Patrick Byrnes, 13 years old.

Rose Shugum, 12 years old, of Chicago, suddenly was stricken dumb Sunday afternoon while playing outside her home, and was unable to utter a sound during forty-eight hours.

Broken promises to wed are alleged in a suit for \$5,000 damages begun in the Circuit Court to Chicago by Miss Appolonia Badres, a young woman, against Nicholas Loschatter, a brewer.

Fire destroyed two dwellings entirely, and while threatened a number of other buildings in Harrisburg. The loss attending the destruction of the two dwellings was \$2,500. The fire was started by the overturning of a lamp. No insurance.

Two damage suits in which Mrs. Rosanna Robb of Lyons demands \$50,000 each from the villages of Grossdale and La Grange, are declared by the woman's attorney to mark the beginning of the end of a long fight on the sewerage systems of the two towns attacked.

Neoga boasts of the smallest human being in the world. A girl baby born to W. M. Simpson and wife weighs just one pound. The little one is perfectly proportioned, takes nourishment regularly and is seemingly in good health. The attending physician believes the infant will live. The father is editor of the Neoga News.

Reports received in Nashville from the surrounding country indicate that the wheat yield will not be as bad as expected. Twelve to twenty bushels per acre is being produced, and the cereal will weigh about sixty pounds. Since the rains have abated other crops have taken a new lease of life and appear in fairly good condition.

Jack Graves was shot and killed at the Updike saloon in Willsville by David Griffin, the bartender, whose home is in Peoria. Graves was attempting to hold the city marshal, who was being wounded by Graves' brother, when Griffin drew his revolver and fired. Graves was a miner employed in the shaft of the Willsville Coal Company.

The new \$140,000 ward addition to the Watertown hospital for the insane was formally dedicated the other day and 200 new patients from Lee, Ogle and Stephenson counties were installed. The new structure raises the capacity of the institution to 1,200 patients. There were no formalities at the dedication further than a dinner served by Superintendent W. B. Taylor to the Rock Island County Superintendents.

Differences between the school teachers and the directors of the various districts in Saline County appear to become more hostile every time they meet to consider the question of the wage scale fixed by the teachers' association recently. The next meeting of the association will be held in Harrisburg Aug. 31 and an attempt will be made to have a joint meeting of committees appointed by both organizations in the hope that an agreement may be reached.

Walter Hinnigshofer, 18 years old, was seriously injured in Belleville by being shot in the leg with a bullet from a hammerless revolver, discharged by John Knehl, 19 years old, a St. Louis boy. The two lads were at play in Hinnigshofer's yard. Knehl had never seen a hammerless revolver. In toying with the weapon it was accidentally discharged and Hinnigshofer fell to the ground. The wounded boy was taken to a hospital in a critical condition.

The weather conditions have been highly favorable to crop development and farming operations. Corn has made rapid growth and is mostly laid by. Wheat, rye and barley are in shock. Considerable wheat has been threshed and an average yield of good quality resulted. Reports indicate a yield of hay below average, but of superior quality. Gardens are yielding good and the outlook for potatoes is promising. Plums, blackberries and raspberries are ripe. Grapes continue promising. Some apple orchards are bare.

John Humes, 33 years old, of French Village, was instantly killed by the explosion of powder in one of the houses at the Phoenix Powder Mills, midway between East St. Louis and Belleville and near the Southern Railroad. The lives of fifty other employees at the plant were imperiled, but, according to representatives of the company, the sheet-iron walls of the building held the sparks and prevented a disastrous explosion, which might have wrecked the entire works. Humes was at work alone in the building when the accident occurred.

TOWN CANNOT BUY PROPERTY.

Chicago Creditor of Winthrop Harbor Stops Sale to the Village.

Another tangle for the village of Winthrop Harbor developed when Sheriff Dowell was restrained by injunction from selling property to the village which had been advertised to be sold. It was on petition of Henrietta Vanderpool of Chicago, who claims to be one of the creditors of the village to the extent of \$7,000. J. H. Van Vliessen, her attorney, sought the court to restrain the sheriff from proceeding with the sale or turning over any money now in his hands obtained on previous sales and executions to any of the other creditors until matters are adjusted.

TRIPLETS BORN TO YOUNG WIFE.

Presented Her Husband Two Healthy Sons and a Daughter.

Mrs. Ernest M. Lusk, wife of the manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company at Deatur, gave birth to triplets, two sons and a daughter. All of the three babes appear to be in perfect health. The mother is only 18 years old, and is small and one of the most beautiful women in the city. She was formerly Miss Coriella Wilson and belongs to a good family. The birth of the triplets created something of a sensation, as it is the first occurrence of the kind in the city, and both the mother and father are well known.

SLAYER DIES IN CELL.

Remorseful Wife Murderer Hangs Self in Jail in Chicago.

After a week of mental anguish, during which he either wept or prayed, Frank Benedetto, Chicago, wife murderer, committed suicide in his cell in the Cook county jail by hanging himself. The murderer made a rope of the sheet on his bed, tied one end around his neck and the other to the highest available point in the darkest corner of his cell. Then he lifted his feet from the floor and slowly strangled to death.

KILLED IN A SLEEPING CAR.

Chicago Railroad Man Supposed to Have Committed Suicide.

E. M. Flanagan, supposed to be from Chicago, was shot and instantly killed on a passenger train in a Pullman sleeper on the Chicago and Alton train en route from Chicago to Jacksonville. No one saw the shooting and it is believed to be a case of suicide. The body was taken from the train at Jacksonville. Flanagan has been holding a position as traveling passenger agent for the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway.

QUARREL OVER DUCKS IS FATAL.

Elgin Man Dies from Blow Received in Fight with a Neighbor.

Fred Harchen is dead in St. Joseph's hospital, Elgin, as the result of a blow on the head inflicted by Charles Clarkson in a dispute over some ducks which had wandered from the land of the latter upon that owned by the former. The coroner's jury found that death resulted from a blow with a club or pick-ax wielded by Clarkson, whose whereabouts are not known.

PULLS HIS FAMILY TO FAIR.

Moline Man Makes Trip Hitched to a Sulky Cultivator.

Hitched to a sulky cultivator William Hoyt pulled his wife and their 4-year-old son all the way from Moline to the world's fair in St. Louis. Mr. Hoyt set out upon a wager and covered the distance of 315 miles in just one month, thus winning his bet of \$1,000 and incidentally obtaining experience which, he said, he would not have missed for any amount.

A UNITED STATES SENATOR

Used Peruna For Dyspepsia With Great Benefit.



HON. M. C. BUTLER,
Ex-United States Senator from South Carolina.

EX-UNITED STATES SENATOR M. C. Butler from South Carolina, was Senator from that State for two terms. In a recent letter from Washington, D. C., he says:

"I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine besides a good tonic."—M. C. Butler.

Peruna is not simply a remedy for dyspepsia. Peruna is a cathartic remedy. Peruna cures dyspepsia because it is generally dependent upon catarrh of the stomach.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

27 SECTION RANCH FOR SALE near Midland, Texas. Write for full description. W. J. MORAN, Midland, Texas.

FROSTIE CURES tired, itching, aching, burning, swelling, frost-bitten feet, sore blisters, etc. See box, return mail. FROSTIE PREP. CO., Woodbury, N. J.

90 USEFUL ARTICLES Valuable information sent free for agents. Webster Co., 15 W. 27th St., New York

S. N. U. No. 33-1904

WISCONSIN CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. Use in all cases of Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Asthma, etc.

VERY LOW RATES TO BOSTON AND RETURN

Via Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry.

Less than one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale Aug. 12, 13 and 14. Return limit may be extended to Sept. 30. Tickets will be sold via New York if desired. Full information on application to L. F. Vosburgh, G. A. P. D., 180 Clark street, Chicago, or G. F. Daly, Chief A. G. P. A., Chicago.

Free to Twenty-five Ladies.

The Delineation Starch Co. will give 25 ladies a round trip ticket to the St. Louis Exposition, to five ladies in each of the following States: Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri, who will send in the largest number of trade marks cut from a ten-cent, 10-ounce package of Delineation cold water laundry starch. This means from your own home, anywhere in the above named States. These trade marks must be mailed to and received by the Delineation Starch Co., Omaha, Neb., before Sept. 1, 1904. October and November will be the best months to visit the exposition. Remember that Delineation is the only starch put up in 10 oz. (a full pound) to the package. You get one-third more starch for the same money than of any other kind, and Delineation never sticks to the iron. The tickets to the exposition will be sent by registered mail Sept. 5. Starch for sale by all dealers.

A Notre Dame Lady.

I will send free, with full instructions, some of this simple preparation for the cure of Leucorrhoea, Ulceration, Displacement, Falling of the Womb, Scanty or Painful Periods, Tumors or Growths, Hot Flashes, Desire to Cry, Creeping Feeling over the Spine, Pain in the Back and all Female Troubles, to all sending address. To mothers of suffering daughters I will explain a Successful Home Treatment. If you decide to continue it will only cost about 12 cents a week to guarantee a cure. Tell other sufferers of it, that is all I ask. If the above interests you, for proof address Mrs. M. J. Summers, Box 105, Notre Dame, Ind.

Repentance.

I stole a kiss the other night. To-day my conscience pricks me some. I think I'll have to go around. And put it where I got it from.—Cornell Widow.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder for the feet. It makes light or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Drug Stores and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Green corn on the cob is said to be a favorite dish with the Czar.

Pico's Cure for Consumption promptly relieves my little 6-year-old sister of cough.—Miss L. A. Pearce, 23 Milling street, Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 2, 1901.

Smokers find Lewis' "Single Blade" straight be cigar better quality than most 10c brands. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children (teething) soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. It is a little.

THE CHICAGO STRIKE.

BOTH SIDES CLAIM TO HAVE THE ADVANTAGE.

Packers Say Plants Have Plenty of Men, While Strikers State that Everything Is Completely Tied Up—Police Break Up a Mob.

The Stock Yards strike in Chicago has become almost a paper warfare between the meat packers and the butcher workmen. Statements have been given out by each side.

The packers declared they were making excellent progress in all plants and reported the total number of men employed. No figures were quoted for the Chicago establishments.

In the union statement an appeal was made for higher wages for sociological reasons. The child labor law was defended, and it was said a reduction in wages would have the effect of compelling a large part of the packing house workers to ask charity.

Desertions Outnumber Recruits.

In the Chicago plants the desertions outnumbered the recruits. The packers explained this by saying they were weeding out the inefficient men, of whom they received an oversupply from the employment agents. The loss in numbers, they said, was more than counterbalanced by the increased skill of the workers who remained, and the output showed a slight gain. An improvement was noted in the operation of many departments.

President Donnelly of the Butchers' Union has returned from his Western trip and talks hopefully of the outcome of the strike.

"In South Omaha," he said, "I addressed two large open mass meetings Sunday and Monday. Wednesday at Kansas City there was a parade, and at Shawnee Park 15,000 strikers and sympathizers, many of them communists friendly to the union, gathered and I talked to them. There was great enthusiasm, and all through the West the strikers appeared satisfied and confident of winning. It was encouraging to me."

"At the Kansas City meeting many of the non-union workmen were invited to quit work and joined us. No picketing is being done there and the non-union men go back and forth unmolested."

"The Western towns are as completely tied up as Chicago. Practically no work is being done. Donnelly said the 'meat trust' was surely being undermined by the independent dealers. He cited the case of one big firm in Kansas City, which he said was remodeling an old plant, abandoned when the 'meat trust' was formed."

Packers Deny Plan for Peace.

In a statement given out by the packers official denial of any plans for an immediate settlement of the strike was made. The statement, asserting progress was being made daily in the packing houses, follows:

"Published reports of more conferences between the packers and labor leaders are unfounded and untrue. It is not difficult to guess their source and their motive."

"The progress being made at all plants is satisfactory to the packers. More men are being employed daily. All contracts and current orders are being filled and there is a normal supply of beef, mutton and provisions at all points in the United States, and sales are being made at lower prices than before the strike commenced."

"A careful and correct record of cars shipped by the packers in one day from all points shows a total of 831 cars. This volume can be better appreciated when it is stated that the shipments to market by the packers on this one day would make a solid train of refrigerator cars six and one-third miles long, which hardly bears out the extravagant claims of the strikers of a great reduction in output."

The strike leaders have additional information that emissaries of the packers are at work in all directions offering skilled men inducements to break away. Pressure is still being brought upon their wives.

Mob and Police Clash.

A mob of 3,000 persons clashed with the police one evening. The mob filled 47th street for five blocks, as well as a number of intersecting streets. The disorder resulted when an attempt was made to escort five non-union machinists out of the Stock Yards.

Bricks and other missiles were thrown by the rioters, shots were fired by the police, scores of rioters were clubbed, and one policeman was severely injured. Repeated charges were made by the police before the rioters were dispersed. Trolley car crews were held responsible for the outbreak, and Inspector Hunt asked the Chicago City Railway Company to discontinue five conductors and four motormen of the 47th street line. The trouble began when the car crews refused to accept the five strike breakers as passengers. Twenty-eight of the rioters and a street car motorman were arrested.

Stockmen in the Texas Panhandle, south and west of Guymon, O. T., are complaining a good deal over the effects of the loco weed this summer. It is said that the loss of cattle is likely to be large this year, as a result of the weed's rapid growth.

The will of Miss Bertha Marion Dolber, whose tragic death occurred at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in New York, has been filed for probate in San Francisco. Most of her estate, valued at nearly \$2,000,000, is given to her friend, Etta Marion Warren.

THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN



One Hundred Years Ago.

War was declared between England and the Maharrta ruler (India), Jese-wunt Roy Holkar.

Aaron Burr suffered a severe attack of illness, superinduced by the excitement attending his duel with Alexander Hamilton.

Kara George was chosen leader of the Servians in their insurrection against Turkish rule.

Georges and eleven of his fellow conspirators were guillotined at Paris for a conspiracy against Bonaparte.

Seventy-five Years Ago.

Four hundred Creek Indians crossed the Mississippi at Memphis on their way to the new country assigned them in Arkansas.

A number of runaway slaves from Virginia, who landed in New York, were not apprehended by the police, and consequently escaped their pursuers.

Mahmoud rejected the protocol which was to effect an amicable settlement between England, France and the Porte.

Fifty Years Ago.

The ship Shannon of Glasgow was burned at sea, all on board lost.

The Russians attacked the French and Turkish camp at Gurguro, but were defeated with a loss of 2,000 men.

The Danish government proclaimed a new monarchical constitution, with an imperial council of fifty members.

The allied Pacific French and English squadrons sailed from Honolulu to destroy the Russian possessions in Kamchatka.

Forty Years Ago.

The funeral of Major General McPherson occurred at Clyde, Ohio, and was attended by 10,000 persons.

Residents of Montgomery County, Illinois, were in terror of the operations of Colonel Clingman and his band of guerrillas and armed vigilantes were organized to drive them out.

Confederate forces under Mosby invaded Pennsylvania and took possession of Chambersburg, burning the town.

The body of Colonel Mulligan, killed in an engagement in the Shenandoah Valley, arrived in Chicago, and the city prepared to give it honored burial.

The famous "Lay me down and save the flag" command of Colonel Mulligan, while wounded at Winchester, Pa., was given publicly. The order was obeyed and Mulligan fell prisoner to the Confederates.

Thirty Years Ago.

An agreement of England, France and Italy to act jointly in putting an end to the Carlist war in Spain was reported from Paris.

Twenty-five persons were killed and scores of houses were swept away by cloudburst at Eureka, Nev.

A rupture between France and Germany over the attempt to end the Carlist troubles in Spain was declared imminent.

A number of arrests checked a reign of incendiarism in Chicago which had alarmed property owners.

Kansas militia on the Canadian River killed nine Comanche Indians, on whom a score of white scalps were found.

The annual report of the Board of Public Works of Chicago showed that the city had 351 miles of water pipe and 102 miles of improved streets.

Eleven villages and two towns devastated by storms in Moravia.

Twenty Years Ago.

Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, returned to England, having established trade stations on the Congo River for a distance of 1,400 miles from its mouth.

Congressman William Wirt Culbertson, of Kentucky, attempted to commit suicide by shooting himself in a Washington (D. C.) hotel.

The Irish constabulary bill passed the British House of Commons.

Bishop Grace resigned from the head of the St. Paul Roman Catholic diocese and was succeeded by the present Archbishop John Ireland.

Ten Years Ago.

A drought of a month's duration was broken by rains which drenched northern Illinois.

Five persons perished and \$2,000,000 in property was destroyed in a fire which swept the Blue Island avenue (Chicago) lumber district.

Camp Turner, in Pullman, was abandoned by eight companies of the First Regiment, I. N. G., which had been on strike duty there.

FLOWERS CONSUMPTION'S FOE.

Physician Advocates Growing Plants in Sick Rooms.

Flowers were advocated as a cure for consumption by Dr. Frances Bartlett in a paper which she read before the Botanical Society of Pennsylvania at the University of Pennsylvania.

"Why send consumptives and sufferers to Colorado to benefit by the climate when we can bring that climate into their homes by the simple expedient of having growing plants in their rooms?" was the gist of Dr. Bartlett's remarks. Her paper was on "Flowers in the Sick Room," and in part she said:

"Growing plants, and especially odoriferous flowering plants, are of the greatest value in the treatment of the sick."

"As long as the plants are kept moist they will diffuse moisture, and they undoubtedly have the power to produce ozone. Some plants will vaporize the atmosphere to the amount of three times their own weight in a day. In this way the atmosphere of a sick room can be made of the greatest benefit."

"The only dangerous plants to place in the sick room are those which give off unpleasant odors. Care should be taken, however, not to keep cut flowers in the rooms at night. They throw off carbon dioxide, but during the daytime the amount of oxygen they produce neutralizes the harmful effects."

"The chief cause of colds is found in the habit of going from heated buildings into the cold street. If people could only be prevailed upon to maintain an equable temperature and humidity by having plants growing in their homes and places of business the danger of taking cold would be practically eliminated."

In a paper on "The Flowers' Best Friend," Dr. C. C. Schmeucker paid strong tribute to the humble bee.

"Upon this abused insect's distribution of the seed we are almost absolutely dependent for our crops of clover," he said. "You must have noticed that the first crop is always much smaller than the second. That is because early in the year the bees are abroad in much smaller number than later."—Philadelphia Press.

An Embarrassing Introduction.

A man cannot have a wide experience on the lecture platform without suffering more or less annoyance and embarrassment because of that bugbear of the platform man—the introduction to the audience.

The man chosen to "introduce the speaker of the evening" often has a little ability to perform this duty as he would have to give the address. He sometimes founders around in the midst of his platitudes apparently unable to come to a finish, although eager to do so. His fear that he will "make a mess of it" sometimes brings about this result.

This was the case of a man who had to "introduce a speaker" to a Western audience. Painfully self-conscious, nervous, embarrassed and wholly unaccustomed to the platform, he stammered:

"Ladies and Gentlemen: It gives me great pleasure to—to—to—be here this evening under—under—these auspicious circumstances under which I am now present, and I count it an honor to—to—to be chosen to introduce a household word—or—or—I mean the name of speaker behind me is a household word in our midst, and I—I—congratulate him on our presence—or—I voice the sentiment of the distinguished audience, including myself, when I—I—hang it all, Mister, go ahead!"

The Chief's Mistake.

Big Injun (admirably)—Me like picture.

Collego Man (proudly)—I thought you would.

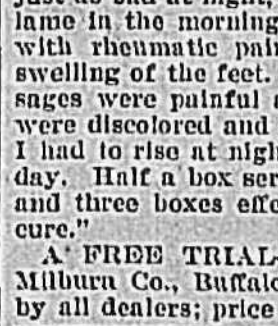
Big Injun—Heep pretty squaw! Collego Man (wrathfully)—You old heathen! that's a portrait of me when I belonged to the football team.

AN OLD MAN'S TRIBUTE.

An Ohio Fruit Raiser, 78 Years Old, Cured of a Terrible Case After Ten Years of Suffering.

Sidney Justus, fruit dealer, of Mentor, O., says: "I was cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills of a severe case of kidney trouble, of eight or ten years' standing. I suffered the most severe backache and other pains in the region of the kidneys. These were especially severe when stooping to lift anything and often I could hardly straighten my back. The aching was bad in the day time, but just as bad at night, and I was always lame in the morning. I was bothered with rheumatic pains and dropsical swelling of the feet. The urinary passages were painful and the secretions were discolored and so free that often I had to rise at night. I felt tired all day. Half a box served to relieve me, and three boxes effected a permanent cure."

A FREE TRIAL—Address: Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents.



SIDNEY JUSTUS.

Avoided the Subject.

Winks—Did McKick have much to say on the subject of railroad monopoly while you were there?

Minks—Well, no. You see, just after I called, a cartman drove up with a box for him. The railroad freight on it for a hundred miles was a quarter; the cartman's charge for hauling it six blocks was fifty cents.

Caught on the Rebound.

Wife—John, did you mail that letter I gave you this morning?

Husband—Of course I did.

Wife—How provoking! I wanted to add a postscript.

Husband (producing the letter)—Well, here it is. Why didn't you tell me that in the first place?

Still More Evidence.

Bay City, Ill., Aug. 8.—(Special).—Mr. K. F. Henley of this city adds his evidence to that published almost daily that a sure cure for rheumatism is now before the American people and that that cure is Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Henley had Acute Rheumatism. He has used Dodd's Kidney Pills. He says of the result:

"After suffering for sixteen years with rheumatism and using numerous medicines for rheumatism and more medicines prescribed by doctors, I at last tried Dodd's Kidney Pills with the result that I got more benefit from them than all the others put together."

"Dodd's Kidney Pills were the only thing to give me relief, and I recommend them to all suffering from Acute Rheumatism."

Rheumatism is caused by Uric Acid in the blood. Healthy kidneys take all the Uric Acid out of the blood. Dodd's Kidney Pills make healthy kidneys.

Care of the Hair.

It is now generally agreed that many of the shampoos in use are injurious to the hair. The best treatment is frequent brushing and absolute cleanliness. Wash the hair in a lather of Ivory Soap and rinse thoroughly. Let the last water be cool, as it closes the pores of the skin and prevents eczema.

ELIZABETH R. PARKER.

All men of genius are said to have eyes clear, slow-moving and bright. This is the eye which indicates mental ability of some kind, it does not matter what.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.

NOT NARCOTIC.

Prepared by **DR. J. C. FLETCHER**

Pumpkin Seed—
Aloe—
Sulphate of Soda—
Sulphate of Potash—
Sulphate of Magnesia—
Sulphate of Iron—
Sulphate of Zinc—
Sulphate of Copper—
Sulphate of Lead—
Sulphate of Barium—
Sulphate of Strontium—
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BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER.

Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General
Banking Business.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 58 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH
Lv. Chicago, 6:35 AM—No. 5, Daily ex-Sunday 10:40 AM
1:30 PM—No. 7, Daily ex-Sunday 3:35 PM
5:30 PM—No. 13, Daily
8:30 PM—No. 9, Daily
8:30 AM—Sunday Special 10:40 AM

GOING SOUTH
Lv. Antioch, 6:57 AM—No. 10, Daily
7:15 AM—No. 14, Daily
11:37 AM—No. 6, Daily ex-Sunday 1:35 PM
4:30 PM—No. 8, Daily ex-Sunday 6:15 PM
9:35 PM—No. 2, Daily
6:30 PM—Sunday Special 8:40 PM

Patrons can now board or leave the above trains at Halstead street, Chicago, instead of the Central station if so desired.
GEO. KUHAUPT, Agent, Antioch.



LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome.
J. C. JAMES, Jr., V. C.,
C. M. CONFER, Clerk.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome.
W. F. ZIEGLER, Sec. JOSEPH TURNER, W. M.

IRWIN DISTRICT COURT, No. 547 meets the first and third Saturday night in every month, at the Woodmen hall.
WALLACE E. DROM, Chancellor,
S. J. EATLE, Recorder.

Find Historic Balloon.

The Montgolfier balloon, which made the journey from Paris to Rome on December 2, 1804, the day Napoleon was crowned by Pius VII., has been found in one of the storerooms of the Vatican.

Tree Provides Illumination.

The "tallow tree" of Malabar yields from the seeds of its fruit by boiling an excellent tallow, which serves as a valuable illuminant, both as oil and by candles which are made from it.

Library for Negroes.

Henry Rosenberg, of Galveston, Tex., bequeathed funds for the erection of a library to be used for negroes exclusively. This is said to be the first instance of the kind in the South.

End of Bitter Fight.

Two physicians had a long and stubborn fight with an abscess on my right lung, writes J. H. Hughes of DuPont, Ga., and gave me up. Everyone thought my time had come. As a last resort I tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. The benefit I received was striking and I was on my feet in a few days. Now I've entirely regained my health. It conquers all coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. Guaranteed by J. H. Swan, druggist. Price 50 cents and \$1.00 trial bottle free.

Good Prospects.

In the principal paper of Altrich, in Alsace, appears the following advertisement: "The commune of Hirsinger requires a 'capable man to wind and look after the village clock. No salary to begin with, but this will soon be doubled if services are satisfactory.'"

To "Feel" Music.

An electrical device by which music can be "felt" instead of heard is the result of a recent invention. The musical vibrations are transformed into electrical ones in something the same way that they are in a telephone wire.

Puts an End to It All.

A grievous wail oftentimes comes as a result from unbearable pain from over taxed organs. Dizziness, backache, liver complaint and constipation. But thanks to Dr. King's New Life Pills they put an end to it all. They are gentle but thorough. Try them. Only 25c Guaranteed by J. H. Swan druggist.

Birds at Church Services.

Birds nest freely in the rafters of the ancient parish church at Ivychurch, Kent, England. During the services the birds fly to and fro from pew to pew, and are often fed by breadcrumbs brought in the pockets of worshippers.

Peat Supply of Sweden.

Sweden's supply of peat seems inexhaustible. In the province of Norrbotten alone there are 8,648,000 acres of moss land, and the total quantity of peat is estimated to equal a supply for two centuries of the present coal import to Sweden.

Joy in One's Work.

Joy in one's work is the consummate tool, without which the work may be done, indeed, but without which the work will always be done slowly, clumsily and without its finest perfection.—Phillips Brooks.

Spying on Prisoners Condemned.

To listen to the conversation of two suspected housebreakers, the Llandudno (Wales) police placed an officer under the bed in the cell where the men were confined—a proceeding which Mr. Justice Williams condemned at the trial of the men.

Ayer's

Feed your hair; nourish it; give it something to live on. Then it will stop falling, and will grow long and heavy. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the only

Hair Vigor

hair food you can buy. For 60 years it has been doing just what we claim it will do. It will not disappoint you.

"My hair used to be very short. In fact, using Ayer's Hair Vigor a short time it began to grow, and now it is fourteen inches long. This seems a splendid result to me after being almost without any hair."

2100 a bottle, 2.00 a six pack. All druggists. For Lowell, Mass.

Short Hair

DEEP EFFECTS OF ANXIETY.

Whole Mental and Physical Being Disturbed by the Feeling.

In a paper read before the congress of French alienists at Grenoble Dr. Gaston Lalanne pointed out that anxiety is a disturbance which is expressed by the entire being. The exciting causes are sometimes physical, sometimes mental, and the symptoms comprise old feelings and chills of the scalp and body, general lassitude, incoordination of voluntary movements far more apparent than real, emotional coloring of speech and vertigo which is dependent upon vasomotor cerebral disturbances or upon digestive troubles, such accelerated heart-beat, irregularity of the heart's action, heightened arterial tension and coldness of the extremities. Respiratory disturbances are also present.

The physical symptoms of "anxiety" include various degrees of vague dread and apprehensiveness, often taking definite forms, in which case they are designated as "phobias" or "obsessions of fear," weakening of the capacity of attention and of memory and a tendency to confusion of ideas. Hallucinations of the senses are prone to occur.

The Fan Tree.

Travelers in southeastern Asia sometimes see a tree which appears to be a gigantic fan. In fact, it closely resembles the dainty creation of feathers and ivory which are so popular with ladies. On approaching closer, however, the fan is seen to be a natural one, being a species of palm tree which is wonderfully like a fan, not only in the way in which its branches project from the trunk, but in the leaves in which the branches terminate. The tree spreads out like an extended fan, and the leaves bear a strong resemblance to feathers. It is called the "Traveler's Palm," partly for the reason that in the forenoon or afternoon, when the sun is not directly above, it frequently offers welcome shade.

Suicide Prevented.

The startling announcement that a preventive of suicide had been discovered will interest many. A rundown system or despondency invariably precedes suicide and something has been found that will prevent that condition which makes suicide likely. At the first thought of self destruction take Electric Bitters. It being a great tonic and nerve will strengthen the nerves and build up the system. It's also a great stomach, liver and kidney regulator. Only 50c satisfaction guaranteed by J. H. Swan druggist.

Generate Electricity by Water.

Even in Spain waterfalls are now being used as a source of electric power. In one case twenty-three small villages are supplied from the power station. In Italy the employment of innumerable waterfalls has enormously increased the output of manufactured silk. "Here," says an English writer, "is a form of power that will last longer than Great Britain's coal fields."

Descendants of Welsh Kings.

The Cadwaladers, of Philadelphia, claim descent from the family of the same name who were once Kings of Wales. The first American settler was Dr. Thomas Cadwalader, who was chairman of the "Provincial Commissioners" in the seven years war, 1756-63, and likewise chairman of the great tea meeting held in Philadelphia in 1773, the precursor of the Boston Tea Party and of the Revolution.

Jersey's Mild Police Court.

The police court of St. Heller, the principal town of Jersey, England, is remarkable in several respects. First, the proceedings are always opened with prayer, second, it frequently happens that after prayers there is no more business, and every one goes home. There is so little crime committed in the island that the police force (twenty strong), is kept up only for visitors.

Immensity of North Forests.

The northern belt of forests is perhaps greater in extent than all the other timber belts and reserves of Canada combined. It extends from the eastern coast of Labrador north of the fiftieth parallel in a northwesterly direction to Alaska, a distance of some 3,000 miles, with an average width of perhaps 600 miles.



Natural Resentment.

The Rev. Dr. Fourthly was reading the morning lesson.

"Doth not even nature itself teach you," he said, "that if a man have long hair it is a shame unto him?" Whereupon Cactus Bill, who happened to be in town that day, and had gone to church for the first time in 25 years, angled his revolver ominously, but thought better of it, and avenged himself by withholding the \$5 gold piece he had intended to drop into the basket when it came around.

Explained.
"With such a breath," she said sharply, "I suppose you will hardly have the nerve to say that you haven't been drinking."

"Haven't had a drop," he replied calmly.

"Oh, you haven't!"
"No. Got this breath over at the toboggan slide. You go down that so fast that it takes your breath right away from you, and then you catch the breath that some fellow ahead of you has lost."

A Real Philosopher.

"Hurricane blowed yer house down?"

"Oh, yes!"

"Lightnin' killed yer best mule?"

"Oh, yes!"

"Well, what air you agoin' to do about it?"

"Thank the Lord that a airthquake didn't swaller me!"—Atlanta Constitution.

No Chance for Profit.

"But is there anything gained by your many revolutions?" asked the tourist.

"No, sir; not a thing," replied the native of the South American republic sadly; "but there would be if the other nations didn't raise such an awful howl every time we confiscate any of the property of their citizens."

Rather Unappreciative.

Cecil (sentimentally)—Don't you feel gloomy when the sky is overcast with gray, when the rhythmic rain sounds a dirge upon the roof, and the landscape's beauties are hid by the weeping mist?

Hazel (sweetly)—Yes; it's dreadfully annoying. It does make one's hair come out of curl so!

One Inconvenience.

"It must be a comfort to know that when you are a king you have a position for life."

"It depends on circumstances," said King Peter of Serbia. "If you don't happen to please, it is embarrassing to feel that you are expected to hang on until an assassin makes you eligible for retirement."

Diagnosed.

"My poor little Fido is dead," sobbed Mrs. Maydup, "and only a few hours ago I was petting him and he seemed so well."

"I suppose you were letting him lick your face, and all that sort of thing," replied her heartless spouse.

"Yes, I—"

"Ah, painter's colic."

His Confession.

She had worked her leap year prerogative and he had balked at the hurdle.

"Ah," she sighed, "this is a cruel and unexpected blow!"

"If it will make it any easier for you," said the marble-hearted young man, "I'm willing to admit that I snore dreadfully."

A Living Proof.

Willie Sapphedd—No, I have no brothers or sisters. I'm the only child of my parents.

Miss Oldstyle—Dear me! And there are people who will persist in asserting that marriage isn't a failure!

No Market Left.

"You know my intentions are good," he pleaded.

"Of course," was the reply, "and I suppose you might sell them for paving blocks if hades wasn't pretty well paved already. As it is, it looks to me as if you had loaded up with goods for which there is no market left."

Cautious.

"Is he the author of the piece?"
"Well, I wouldn't care to make that an unqualified statement, but he is the man who draws the royalties."

DO YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL A FARM? YOU WANT LAKE PROPERTY? YOU WANT VILLAGE PROPERTY?

We Have

6 Houses in Antioch
1 Good Dwelling in Lake Villa
5 Good Lots in Antioch
20 Lots on Channel Lake
10 Farms ranging in sizes from 20 to 600 acres
600,000 Acres in N. Dakota, \$5 to \$10 per acre
20,000 Acres in Barron Co., Wisconsin
10,000 Acres in Pierce Co., Wisconsin, in Hardwood Belt
40,000 Acres in Northern Michigan

For more complete description of land call or write us. That's what we are here for. We don't expect to sell to every one, but we will do you good.

JAMES & JOHNSON.

J. C. JAMES, Jr., Justice of the Peace and Notary Public.

The Room.

Here in this old deserted room. Where cobwebs fringe the tapestries swayed by the breezes in the gloom. My heart renews life's ecstasies. There where the dusty shades lie down. Against the yellow light I see A banded form whose silver crown Is more than queenly crown to me.

There in the quiet corner nook Borne to me in soft roundels. There banded o'er some cherished book A form arises in the pall. A form I looked to with delight In days of childhood when I trod. A vagrant and a tottering wight. A trembling babe o'er vernal sod.

I list the voices faint and sweet Borne to me in soft roundels. Like echoes from some dim retreat Of life's exquisite choral days. And while the mouldering tapestries Swayed by the breezes in the gloom Crumble to dust, life's ecstasies Bring back the sunshine to the room. —Horace Seymour Keller.

She Took His Advice.

"I am so very unhappy, Mr. Brief," said the fair petitioner for a divorce to her lawyer.

"Is there anything in particular wrong?" the legal gentleman asked sympathetically.

"No, nothing in particular," sighed the fair petitioner. "I am simply miserably blue and depressed. But I suppose it is something for which you cannot advise."

"Well, madam," said the lawyer, swinging around in his chair, "I will say frankly that if you were a man I should advise you to go out and drink three or four cocktails. But, as it is, I am afraid I am not competent to deal with the situation."

Three or four days later the fair petitioner again called at the office of her lawyer. This time she was all smiles.

"And oh, Mr. Brief!" she said, when she arose to go at the end of the conference, "I want to thank you very much for your advice as to how to get rid of the blues. Like all your other advice, it was excellent."

"You—you—" gasped the lawyer.

"Yes," said the lady, "I took it."

Corn Birds Will Not Bother.

A well known farmer says he wets his seed corn with coal oil before planting it, and as a result the birds and insects do not bother it before it comes up. The oil does not injure the germ and keep it from sprouting. This has been proved by experience, as he has never had to replant.—Fillmore (Mo.) Lever.

The Death Penalty.

A little thing sometimes results in death. Thus a mere scratch insignificant cuts or puny boils have paid the death penalty. It is wise to have Bucklen's Arnica Salve ever handy. It's the best salve on earth and will prevent fatality when burns, sores, ulcers and piles threaten. Only 25c at J. H. Swan's drug store.

Stone Dust Brings Death.

The mortality from lung disease among miners living in Cornwall, including gold miners, is eight or ten times that of colliers and ironstone miners. The damage is done by the stone dust resulting from drill work, which cuts the lung tissues and enables the tubercle bacillus to gain a footing.

Stamps Not Historically Correct.

On some of the postage stamps of St. Kitts-Nevis, England, the authorities have depicted Columbus gazing intently through a big telescope. As a matter of fact, telescopes were not invented till over 100 years after Columbus was born.

Value of an Aspiration.

An aspiration is a joy forever, a possession as solid as a landed estate, a fortune which we can never exhaust, and which gives us year by year a revenue of pleasurable activity.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Oldest Tree.

The oldest tree in the world is on the island of Kos, lying off the coast of Asia Minor. The trunk is thirty feet in circumference. A wall of masonry surrounds it, and supports the two main branches. It is believed to be more than 2,600 years old.

Japanese Adieu.

The Japanese word of parting is not "So long" or "See you later," but "Sayonara"—"If it must be so."

Thirst-Allaying Summer Drink.

"I believe I am the inventor of one of the best summer drinks that was ever invented," Lewis Godlove tells me. "It is not an intoxicating drink, either, but one that hardly a blue ribboner would balk at."

"What are the component parts of the beverage? Iced tea, sugar and a little claret. Not enough claret to make even a single mental wheel unsteady if one drank a barrelful of the stuff within the compass of a single hour. The proportions I use are three parts tea to one part claret, with just enough sugar added to make it sweet to the taste. This amount will, of course, vary with different people. There isn't a single beverage on the market that I haven't tasted—these summer drinks, I mean, that are prepared to quench and not aggravate the thirst—but I insist that for cooling and thirst-allaying qualities none can equal my claret tea."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Perfume and Moth Preventive.

A pleasant perfume and moth preventive is made of cloves, caraway seeds, nutmeg, mace, cinnamon and Tonka beans—an ounce of each. Add as much Florentine orris root as will equal the total amount of the other ingredients. Put together, grind into a powder and put in little bags among your clothes.

Time of Lighting Flash.

F. H. Glew of London has calculated the time of a lightning flash to be one-nineteenth of a second. He obtained this result by means of a photograph made with a vibrating lens, which indicated the multiple image taken and the rate of vibration of the lens.

Advertising Thread.

As an advertisement of its thread a well-known firm has, after several attempts, connected Europe and Asia across the Bosphorus with 1,250 yards of cotton.

First Big Expositions.

The first exposition was in Paris in 1789; the first in England in 1828, and in America in New York, in 1853. These were not international like the World's Fair. The first of these was in London in 1851.

To Renovate Milan Cathedral.

The facade of the Milan cathedral, which was completed in great haste in 1813 by order of Napoleon, and which has always been a blot on the building, is now to be entirely renovated.

Quilca House Sold.

Quilca House, County Cavan, where Dean Swift wrote part of his "Gulliver's Travels," has been sold in the Irish Land Judge's court, together with the demesne.

Greeting of Tibetans.

A sign of politeness in Tibet on meeting a person in Tibet is to hold up the clenched hand and stick out the tongue.

The Wisconsin Central Railway.

Reaches the principal points in Wisconsin, offering Pullman Sleepers, Free Reclining Chair Cars, modern coaches and dining and cafe service between Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowish and St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth. Connections are made with diverging lines at all terminal points. Meals served a la carte. For tickets, sleeping car reservations and further information apply to agents of this company or write Jaa. C. Pond, Gen. Pass. Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

Abandon Socialistic Colony.

Nineteen Boers, who organized a colony on socialistic teetotal lines in Java, had to abandon the enterprise after three months.

Coal Dear in South Africa.

Coal is dearer in South Africa than in any other part of the world. It is cheapest in China.

First Woman's Periodical.

The first periodical for women—the Ladies' Mercury—was established in England in 1709. The Ladies' Magazine followed a year later.

At Bedtime.

Sing him a song of a downy bed. Of a tangled, tumbled, curly head A-nodding to and fro; Of a voyage afar To a twinkling star Where the dream-folk are, you know, All resting soft on woolly white clouds—Make haste, he's ready to go!

Then sing him a song of the old Sand-man— Such a funny old beggar he! Who sprinkles the eyes with the silvery sand From the shores of the Noddy Sea Sing eyes that wink And eyes that blink Till they seem to shrink to wee;

Then drooping lids and the dreamy eyes Of the land where the dream-folk be. Sing "Bye-low-by," the lullaby The zephyr breezes bear From the drowsy dreamland of the sky Whither the lad doth fare. Sing soft and slow Till sweet and low "Twirl meek and flow in air; Then touch his brow with a feather-light kiss, And tuck down the hair."

Suicides Find the Way.

Vienna has a new prison so arranged that suicide or escape by its prisoners was considered impossible. One of its first inmates, a boy, hanged himself by means of his trousers on the edge of the heating apparatus.

Chairman Made a "Bull."

The chairman of a well-known South African gold-mining company greatly amused the shareholders at a meeting by announcing that a certain resolution was "carried unanimously with one dissent."

Composition of Soda-Water.

There is no soda in soda-water. Every pint of soda-water contains two and a half pints of carbon dioxide, a gas. Therefore, when you drink one pint of soda-water you really drink three and a half pints.

Hard for Both Sides.

"It's hard for us short people," said one little woman to another little woman in a Boston crowd, "when we're in a crowd where the tall people get all the air and we're smothered." "It's hard for us tall people to have all you small people filling up the floor so that we haven't room to walk," retorted the tall girl standing next her.

Small Island Owned by America.

Wake Island in the North Pacific, which the United States owns, is barely one square mile in area and has little economic value except for the guano deposits on its rocky surface and possibly as a stepping stone of cable connection between the United States and its Asiatic possessions.

Pension Consumptives' Families.

In Germany, when a person breaks down with consumption, he is sent to a government sanatorium, where he is kept until he recovers or dies. In the meantime his family receives a weekly pension from a fund to which the patient himself contributed when he was in good health. By this means the risk of spreading the disease is avoided.

Brides Who Stay at Home.

According to old and established custom in Japan, the eldest child, whether male or female, must, under all circumstances, abide at and inherit the home. By this means a continuous succession is assured, and the estates cannot pass into the hands of strangers.

No Italian Small Coins in France.

Italian small coin no longer circulates in France, having all been returned to Italy some years back, since when it has been demonetized in France.

Australian Birds in London.

A cargo of 14,000 Australian birds has been brought to London by one steamer. They were sold at the dock to dealers.

Japanese Education.

In Japanese public schools instruction is given in hygiene and physiology. A Berlin newspaper remarks that in this respect educational Japan is ahead of Prussia.

Swimming Harder Than Climbing.